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PARK SCHOOL-FROM AN EIGHTH GRADE BUSINESS PRACTICE CLASS.

Annual Report

of the

Board of Education



Bloomfield, New Jersey 1923

THE INDEPENDENT PRESS



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REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT.

Office of Superintendent of Schools, Bloomfield, N. J., June 30, 1923.

Board of Education;

Ladies and Gentlemen: The annual report of the Superintendent of Schools is herewith respectfully submitted:

Enrollment and Attendance.

The day school enrollment for the year reached a total of 5,007. This is an increase of a little more than three hundred over the enrollment of last year.

Last year with an increase in enrollment considerably larger the increase in attendance was 44,000. This year with the smaller increase in enrollment we show an increase of 62,000 in attendance. We consider this a splendid showing. These figures indicate that we have largely escaped the inroads so frequently made upon our attendance by contagions of diseases peculiar to children, such as measles, mumps, whooping cough, etc.

The enrollment for the Evening School shows an increase of but five over the enrollment of last year, the total number for the year being 400, made up of 169 females and 231 males. Notwithstanding the small increase in enrollment the total number of nights of attendance shows an excess of 551 over that of last year. A factor like this is encouraging as it may fairly be taken as an indication that as time goes on the pupils are appreciating more and more the value of the work they are doing.

The enrollment in classes organized for the teaching of English to foreigners reached a total of 51, this number being included in the enrollment given above.

Additional Accommodations.

During the early part of 1923 six new classrooms were added to each of the following schools—Brookside, Fairview and Watsessing. As soon as these rooms became available, all with the exception of two were occupied by classes. The Brookside rooms were immediately filled by overflow classes organized to relieve the congested condition in that school.

The overcrowded condition in the High School was relieved

by having the class that graduated from Park School in February remain in that school as 9B pupils. This action made it necessary to arrange to accommodate the seventh grade classes which were crowded out of the Park School by the 9B's at Fairview and Watsessing. This disposition left one vacant room in each of these buildings when the other classes which had been on part time were taken care of.

In September it will be necessary to add another seventh grade class to the Fairview School, thus making use of every available room in that building.

An unexpected influx of kindergarten children to the Brookside School in the early spring made it necessary to organize two additional classes there, thus placing four classes on part time in that school after a period of relief of only two months from such conditions.

In order to accommodate the influx of 9A pupils which must take place from the Park School in September, it will be necessary to use laboratories and drawing rooms as class rooms again in the latter building, thus returning to the unfavorable condition which prevailed from September to February.

The lease on the Opportunity School on Glenwood Avenue expires July first and we have no accommodations for these classes except in the auditorium of the Center School or of some other building. In this connection we must also recall that two other classes of this nature are being conducted at the present time in auditoriums—one at the Berkeley School and one at the Brookside School.

In the Grove Street section a residential building boom is under way which it is expected will add over one hundred new families to the Carteret district by the early fall.

These facts are set forth to demonstrate the wisdom of the Board of Education in adopting a building program at the May meeting calling for an addition to the High School, an addition to the Carteret School and a building for our opportunity classes large enough to meet present needs.

The plans for carrying out this program are in the hands of the architect and it is expected that bids will be received for these three projected buildings early in July. Last year we were able to report a decrease in the number of home visits the attendance officer found it necessary to make. We find that history has repeated itself this year and again there is a small decrease in the number of visits made to homes. It should be kept in mind that this result has been accomplished with a larger enrollment. This is gratifying as it indicates a decrease in the tendency to play truant and also a disposition to be more careful about attending school by those who cannot be classified as truants, but who have a predisposition to be careless about attendance at school. The total number of home visits reported is 1,264 as compared with 1,300 for last year.

There has been quite an increase in the number of Age and Schooling certificates issued, the number reported being 118 as compared with 74 issued last year.

As might be expected from the facts given concerning truancy there has been a decided falling off in the number of legal notices issued to parents, the number last year being forty-one and this year only twenty. Of the twenty legal notices served, it was found necessary to take nine of the cases to court. Of these nine five were fined, three were reprimanded and one is awaiting court action.

The prompt but careful co-operation of the court is much appreciated. It exerts a wholesome influence on parents who would otherwise be inclined to be very careless about the attendance of their children.

High School.

The total number of pupils' names appearing on high school records for the year reached a total of 776, the corresponding number for last year being 704. Of the former number 121 were enrolled in Park School until they were promoted to High School work with the beginning of the second term in February. As there were no rooms available for this group in the High School these pupils were assigned to class rooms in the Park School, thus making it necessary to transfer four seventh grades from Park to the Fairview and Watsessing Schools as noted elsewhere.

This method of handling the situation works to the disadvantage of all concerned. It is necessary for these pupils to go to

the High School building for certain kinds of work such as drawing in the drawing rooms and science in the laboratories. When this happens time is lost in making the long trips to and fro. It is also inconvenient for the teachers who have to change more or less from one building to the other and it is almost impossible for them to make the shift so as to be able to begin work on time. As each minute of a recitation period counts for both pupils and teacher and as the total of time lost during a term is considerable, the handicap of the pupils working under these conditions becomes apparent.

The completion of the proposed addition to the High School will enable us to return to our regular routine of conducting class room activities and thus place all the pupils of the High School on an equal basis so far as opportunities for work are concerned.

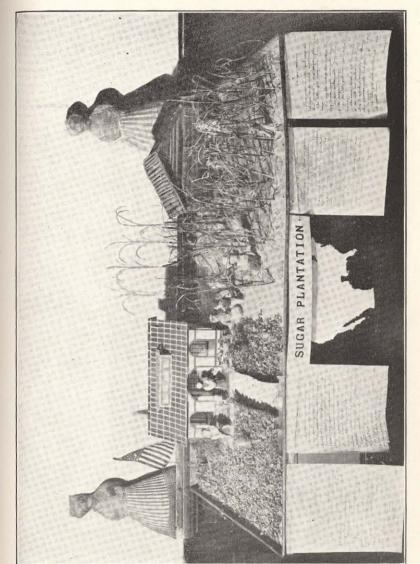
The number graduated from the High School this year reached a total of 80, this number being an increase of 25 over the number graduated last year.

Of these graduates thirteen boys and five girls, about twenty-three per cent. of the entire class, expect to enter college in September. Ten per cent. of the class, seven of the girls, expect to enter normal school. Practically all of the remaining sixty-seven per cent. will enter the business world or engage in some other purposeful activity.

Park School.

Owing to the necessity arising in February of using class rooms in the Park School for high school pupils, the membership of this school became limited to eighth grade pupils with the exception of one grade of Seventh A boys and girls. From the administrative point of view this was unfortunate because it interfered somewhat with a system of promotions by subjects which had been worked out and which had given general satisfaction. However, it is expected that this condition will be removed as soon as the proposed addition to the High School is completed.

It should be stated here that the transference of the seventh grades from the Park School to the Fairview and Watsessing Schools resulted in not a little inconvenience to the pupils and parents of that grade. However, when the reasons for the trans-



fers were explained, the whole-souled co-operation which followed made the work comparatively easy. This spirit of cooperation was greatly appreciated by those whose lot it was to arrange these transfers.

During the year an athletic league for interclass games was organized which was successful in stimulating a new interest in athletics. From December to March the High School gymnasium was placed at the disposal of Park pupils from nine to twelve Saturday mornings. From nine to ten-thirty was known as the girls' period and from ten-thirty to twelve was known as the boys' period. The games and exercises carried on were under the direction of a teacher.

Several pupils of this school have been successful in winning prizes offered for essays by organizations from the outside world.

Two hundred and thirty pupils have been graduated from the school during the year and nearly ninety per cent. of this number will be found enrolled in the High School in September.

Elementary Schools.

Taken as a whole the work accomplished in the elementary grades has been very satisfactory. Believing that it is in these grades, especially grades one to six inclusive, that the child finds and perfects the working tools which he uses later in life, it has been the endeavor of all concerned to give to the pupils as good a foundation as possible in reading and writing and arithmetic and the allied subjects geography and history.

The child must have a good foundation in reading because this is the tool which unlocks all the treasures of knowledge found in books. If he cannot read intelligently he goes out into life under a heavy handicap. Realizing the seriousness of such a handicap we have aimed to develop all the characteristics of efficient reading in every pupil under our charge, in so far as these characteristics were capable of being developed in him or her.

Our children must be able to write a good legible hand so that they can keep records both for themselves and others and so that they can impart their knowledge or desires, as may be, to those who are far away. They must also know how to use numbers with correctness and dispatch so that they will find them-

selves able to solve the many problems they will necessarily come in contact with, as they go on in life.

They must know something of the geography of the world, the history of our people and the organization and the working out of our system of government. Otherwise, they will not have the knowledge on which to base the ideals of life and of service to the community for which we endeavor to lay the foundation, and we shall lose that efficient citizenship so necessary in this day and generation.

The methods of motivation and the other means by which such results are attained will be given in a somewhat detailed manner in the report of our efficient Supervisor of Elementary Grades.

Standard Tests.

During the present school year, the Principal of the Berkeley School has been making a special study of the use of standard tests in public school work, under the leadership of one of the professors of Teachers College of Columbia University. For this reason, we have been able to continue our experiments along this line with the advantage of doing some of the work in cooperation with the experts of Teachers College.

A general survey of the school was made during the fall in reading, arithmetic and spelling. When the returns were all in, we were much gratified to note that the school as a whole rated higher mentally and in attainment than the standard set for the country over by experts for pupils of a corresponding age.

In April a second set of tests of a similar nature was given throughout the school and the results obtained correlated very closely with the data gathered from the tests given in October.

In order to make clear the method of procedure and the adaptation of the technique of the survey in securing the results obtained, a few paragraphs are quoted from the reports sent to the Superintendent by the Principal at the completion of each test.

From the October Report.

"The raw scores of the National Intelligence tests were turned into mental ages by use of a mental age table computed by Dr. McCall of Columbia University. The educational scores were obtained by adding the score made on the reading test to the score made on the arithmetic test and then to one-half the score made on the spelling test. This sum was turned into an educational age by using another of Dr. McCall's tables. The teachers ranked their pupils from highest to lowest without knowledge of any scores made. The educational ages were then arranged from highest to lowest. For a pedagogical age the pupils ranked highest by the teacher received the highest educational age made, the next the next highest, and so on. In cases where pupils were in departmental grades each of the teachers ranked all the pupils and then each pupil was given the average rank of these ratings. We now had three ages for the pupil, namely, mental, pedagogical and educational. While the latter was obtained by the use of only three educational tests, because of the high correlation of these three to the total education of the pupil, it can be taken as a fair index of the educational age of the pupil. While the score is not absolutely correct it is near enough for our purpose—diagnosis. The average of these three ages was taken as the promotional age. Through another of Dr. McCall's tables the pupils were classified on the basis of these promotional ages. The AQ or accomplishment quotient was obtained by dividing the educational age by the mental age. The promotional quotient was obtained by dividing the promotional age by the chronological age.

"As can be easily seen the above procedure is not only scientific but fair. In judging a pupil three phases were taken into consideration, his mentality, his educational attainment and the teacher's estimate. The marks made on the various tests could not be influenced one way or another. The answers were either right or wrong. Where there could be an equivalent answer it was given in the key."

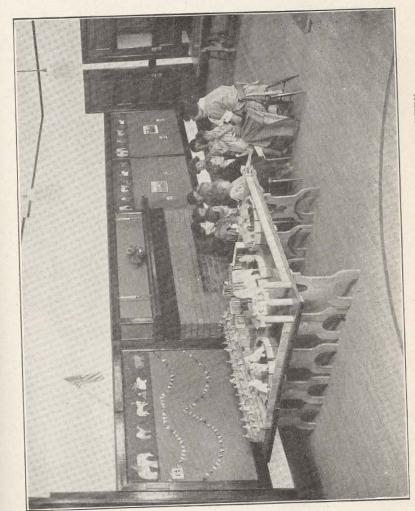
From the April Report.

"In October the tests indicated that the pupils of Berkeley average high-average in ability. A 100 IQ pupil is taken as average. The average spreads from 90 to 100. Between 90 and 100 is low average, between 101 and 110 is high average. In October the average for the school was 104.7. In April the aver-

age IQ was 110.6. In theory the IQ should remain constant, But because of changes of pupils the average will vary. The important thing is not that we have gained 5.9 points, but that our standard is still high average. The tests are constant to this point. The first survey showed that our pupils average 3 months younger in the grades than the standards for those grades. The same result was obtained this time.

"The outstanding result of the first survey was the information gained as to the classification of our pupils. We found that our grades average 7 months ahead of the standards. As a result of this information a few changes and shifts were made. Most of these changes took place at the end of the first term. In no case were pupils advanced more than one-half grade ahead. The survey just completed showed a much better classification. We are still ahead of the standard. Instead of being 7 months ahead, however, we are only 2 months ahead. Before any changes were made the average spread of educational ability in each grade was 52 points. As a result of the changes, scientifically made, the average spread in each grade has been cut to 45 points. The idea is not to get in each class only those pupils of the same ability. In every class there are always three groups, the slow, the average and the advanced. The first survey showed that we had too many very slow and very advanced in each grade. What has been done is to better classify these very slow and very bright. After the second survey I asked each teacher what pupil in the class she thought could be skipped in June. In every case it was the pupil who made the highest classification in the survey. In conference we decided to advance the pupil at once to the next grade rather than wait until June and then skip the pupil an entire grade.

"A result obtained this time that was not obtained in the first survey is that standings in the three educational subjects tested were obtained for each grade. In arithmetic the school averages 5.2 months ahead of the standard; in reading, 2.6 months ahead; in spelling, 1.1 month ahead. In arithmetic there is not a grade below the standard. In reading two grades are below and in spelling three grades are below. In some cases these findings surprised the teachers. However, they are working hard to improve the



class. The most helpful thing about the whole procedure is that they have definite goals to obtain. They know each pupil's standing and therefore know what pupils they will have to work with the most to improve the grade's standing."

The following table presents a summary of the facts brought out by the survey, which may prove interesting to some of our readers:

SUMMARY RESULTS

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Grade MA CA IO AA RA SA EA PA PrACL AO
      185 146 128 156 161 166 157 157 166 7.6 87 Class attainment
      152 152 100 152 152 152 152 152 152 6.7 100 Class standard
     155 145 108 159 150 148 145 145 149 6.8 94 Class attainment
      147 147 100 147 147 147 147 147 147 6.2 100 Class standard
      153 131 116 147 141 141 139 139 143 5.8 92 Class attainment
      139 139 100 139 139 139 139 139 139 5.7 100 Class standard
      144 132 113 134 133 129 133 133 138 5.4 94 Class attainment
      134 134 100 134 134 134 134 134 134 5.2 100 Class standard
      131 122 109 136 130 126 128 128 129 4.8 98 Class attainment
      126 126 100 126 126 126 126 126 126 4.7 100 Class standard
4B
      118 122 99 122 118 117 119 119 119 4.0 99 Class attainment
      121 121 100 121 121 121 121 121 121 4.2 100 Class standard
     117 110 107 115 118 112 114 114 112 3.8 97 Class attainment
      113 113 100 113 113 113 113 113 113 3,7 100 Class standard
     111 106 105 113 110 110 108 108 109 3.2 98 Class attainment
      108 108 100 108 108 108 108 108 108 3.2 100 Class standard
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MA-Mental Age

CA-Chronological Age

IQ-Intelligence Quotient

AA-Arithmetic Age

RA-Reading Age

SA-Spelling Age

EA-Educational Age

PA-Pedagogical Age or Teacher's Estimated Age for the Pupils

PrA-Promotional Age

CL-Classification

6.7 means 7 months in the 6th grade

AQ-Accomplishment Quotient

Evening School.

The Evening School is an institution over twenty years old. Its history has been one of development along the line of trying to meet new needs as they have been brought to our attention. In the beginning, this school consisted largely of classes in arith-

metic, English and bookkeeping. A pressing need for classes for teaching English to foreigners was soon realized and such classes were added to the curriculum. The need for classes in stenography, typewriting, sewing, mechanical drawing, shop-work, electricity, chemistry, Spanish and physical training, followed in quick succession and in each case the need was met.

During the World War the necessity for the opportunity to study French in the Evening School was realized and the need was promptly met by the organization of a class in that subject.

At the beginning of this year, a class in basketry was organized. It has been a decided success from the point of view of the number of pupils enrolled and the quantity and quality of work turned out. This class proved to be popular with our day school teachers and several of them embraced this opportunity for adding to their store of knowledge and to their equipment for regular classroom work.

Taken as a whole the pupils of the Evening School attend its session with a serious purpose in mind and the quality of the work accomplished is very satisfactory. This statement is borne out and the spirit existing among the student body is illustrated by three or four typical letters which follow. These letters were selected from several written by members of one of the shop work classes to their teacher and are given to the printer just as they were handed to us:

Mr. Vivian H. Cady, Bloomfield High School, Bloomfield, N. J.

Dear Mr. Cady:-

Night School in wood-working, just completed, was my first term of enrollment, but had I known that such a plant as you are in charge of existed in the town for me, I would have been under your direction several seasons sooner.

The work done by the boys in your class was a revelation to me and another season will find me at the bench again and I hope that I may bring others with me that they may profit by the training as I have done this season.

14

The fellowship that existed in your class was great and I enjoyed every minute of the class session.

Yours very truly,

My dear Mr. Cady:-

Now that the class in Joinery is drawing to a close it seems fitting that you should know our impressions gained during the pleasant profitable hours of the past term.

Did we get out of it anything more than the lumber we walked home with?

Can we answer it in any better way, than you have, in your enjoyable little talk to us last Tuesday evening when you reminded us, we now possessed something no one could ever take away from us? And to my mind that covers my case.

How different, more efficient, a saw is, when held as you have taught me to hold it. And so it has been with the other, more elaborate tools, a bit and brace, the plane, the chisel, the turning lathe. And then the various joints and methods of fitting and securing different members of a piece. My knowledge of joinery previous to coming to your class consisted of a rough sawn butt joint held by wire nails. Now I know how a joint can be made to hold securely by sawing to a squared line, planing to a surface and finishing with dowels and glue. The more elaborate dovetail joints I have not attempted this session but I know they exist and would not hesitate to attempt them another term. And so I could go on.

But I have profited in another way which is not reflected in the lumber I walked home with, and I must not close without mentioning the memories gained of evenings spent in delightful association with a teacher and men who enjoyed doing things.

Yes, it has been a profitable winter. The bookcase completed is incidental to the knowledge gained, and gained in an atmosphere of helpfulness, congeniality and good fellowship. May you long continue in this work.

Very truly yours,

LPASIT

My dear Mr. Cady: -

Now that the school year has drawn to a close, I wish to take this privilege to express to you and others concerned, my sincere appreciation of the opportunity that has been extended to me.

It is not the material things which I have accomplished, although they mean much to me, but it is as you have so well said, "those things we have received and which can never be taken from us," that count.

It has been a joy and a privilege to work under your instructions, a joy in the confidence that comes from knowing how to do certain things, a privilege to have as an instructor one with patience and ability to explain. I have been abundantly repaid for the hours spent in your class, not only for the things that I have accomplished, but also for those which I have learned.

This letter would not be complete unless I mentioned the help I have received from the association with others in the class. I have learned much from their experience also.

Wishing you continued success in your chosen profession, I am,

Yours very truly,

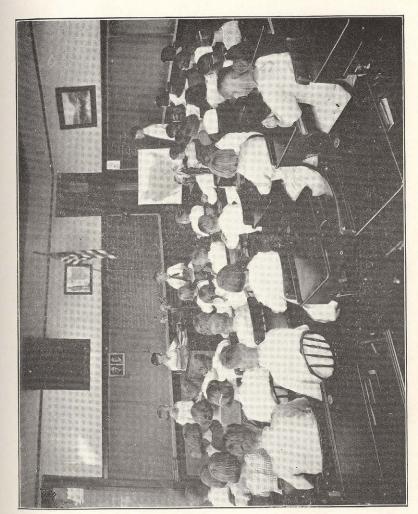
Dear Mr. Cady :-

As a member of your shop class for the past four or five years I have been able to complete a number of useful articles in furniture, porch screens, etc. Apart from this I have found the work most interesting and helpful.

Since attending your class I have learned a great deal about the use and handling of tools and also feel that I am more capable of recognizing good furniture.

I earnestly believe any young man would not regret any time spent in this work.

Respectfully yours,



Summer School.

The summer schools for pupils deficient in high school subjects and the school for pupils having deficiencies in grades 6A to 8A inclusive were continued during the summer of 1922. About the same number of pupils was enrolled in each school as was enrolled the previous year. The results obtained averaged about the same. Enough pupils removed conditions and completed successfully the work of the grade following to justify, from the financial point of view alone, the continuance of these schools for the summer of 1923. It was deemed necessary to discontinue them though, because the amount of money allotted to Bloomfield from the State for the school year 1923-24 is much smaller than the amount anticipated.

Drawing, Manual Training and Domestic Science.

The outstanding characteristic of the work in these departments has been the tendency to make it practical. Changes have been made in the outlines of work for drawing to accomplish this end.

The construction of a miniature house by the pupils of the Watsessing School brought the manual training work well within the realm of the practical for that school while the work in sewing and cooking has been directed along the line of producing something that can be eaten or worn.

Brief reports of the directors of each of these departments of work will be found elsewhere. They indicate the progress which has been made and will be found to contain some very interesting statements.

Physical Training.

The work of this department has been carried on along the usual lines in the High School and good results obtained.

The report of the Supervisor of Physical Training in the Elementary Grades appears elsewhere. It explains somewhat in detail the methods pursued and the results obtained. One feature of the work which has been emphasized is the corrective activities which have been undertaken. This is an important feature of our work in physical education and we hope to give it even greater attention during the coming year.

Health and Nutrition Work.

During the last decade, much progress has been made along the line of looking after the health of school children. When we, who are grown ups now, were boys and girls the matter of health was left almost entirely to the care and supervision of the home. Defects which often interfered seriously with the progress of the school work received no attention, not because the parents were indifferent but often because they did not know that defects existed.

Many children were undernourished not always because they did not have enough to eat but because they did not get the right kind of food, supplemented with the right kind of supervision and care. Even to-day many mothers know but little about these very important factors of the child's life.

The coming of medical inspection, the school nurse and the health and nutrition worker has brought many changes for the betterment and improvement of the health conditions of our children. The trained worker detects very quickly symptoms often overlooked by parents. The resulting conference with the parent often brings about an improvement in the health of the child, much needed and very helpful.

The report of the school nutrition worker appears elsewhere. It gives a detailed account of the work carried on during the year. It will be found both interesting and instructive.

Home Garden and Poultry Work.

As in former years, it has been our endeavor to make the work of this department practical. The year's work is summed up in a brief report submitted by the Supervisor and appearing on another page.

Music.

"Increased interest generally, with special attention to ear training in primary and grammar grades, thereby developing musical appreciation" is the phrase which the Supervisor of Music places first in his notes on the progress made in his department during the year. That progress has been made was strongly evidenced in the songs rendered by all the pupils of grades four

to six inclusive, in the High School auditorium on Wednesday, May 23rd.

Perhaps the most noticeable features of improvement were evidenced in the finer quality of tone and the apparent advance in the knowledge of the technique of the subject.

Among the members of the audience present on this occasion was one of the reporters of our local paper. A quotation or two from his description of the entertainment will serve nicely in giving the point of view of an outsider of the musical situation in these grades:

"Bloomfield had a May music festival participated in by about nine hundred voices and an orchestra of about forty instruments. In point of numbers it was the greatest musical affair that ever took place in the town. It was perhaps well that the great sing was treated as a school function and not widely advertised, for if it had been otherwise the school teachers would have been placed in a serious dilemma, for with a chorus that filled all of the ground floor of the auditorium and a part of the gallery it would have been extremely difficult to accommodate an audience. Shortly after two o'clock Wednesday afternoon large groups of marching children could be seen coming from various directions and headed for the High School auditorium. The children were the selected choruses who were to take part in a great school sing. The sing was an entertaining and interesting demonstration of what is being done in the town schools in music.

"The work of the children was very creditable and their response to the conductor's lead gave evidence of a good foundation being laid in musical instruction and that the child mind was grasping the fundamentals. Numbers 7 and 8 on the program were exceptionally well rendered and a delightful finish was given to the sing by the animated singing of Number 14."

The combined orchestras of the elemetary schools played on this occasion and made a very favorable impression.

Special Classes.

Owing to the great increase in the cost of building, the new home for the Special Classes anticipated in last year's report was not built. In planning this building, provision was made for the future growth in this department of our school work. Because of the very high cost of labor and materials it was deemed advisable to abandon the idea of providing for the future and to make provision for present needs only. Accordingly a new plan has been adopted by the Board of Education in keeping with this idea and a building is being projected which it is expected will meet with the approval of all concerned. This building will be but one story high and for this reason the cost of construction will be considerably reduced. It is hoped that the necessary arrangements can be made for beginning work on this structure soon and that it will be ready for occupancy before winter sets in.

The work done in the Special Classes has been along the usual lines and has been very satisfactory, considering the conditions under which it was carried on.

Professional Improvement.

Periodicals and educational books placed at the disposal of the teachers in each school, dealing with methods and procedure have been a constant stimulus to their professional growth, thus indirectly influencing the progress of the pupils. The number of books and papers thus used in each school appears below in a tabulated form, for both last year and the year just completed:

			.50	*:
			No.	No.
	No. Books	No. Books	Periodicals	Periodicals
	Read	Read	Read	Read
School	1921-22	1922-23	1921-22	1922-23
High	164	123	42	53
Berkeley	73	164	16	18
Brookside	38	52	4	28
Center	47	44	14	27
Brookdale	11	42	5.	4
Carteret	24	32	3	2
Fairview	55	87	27	24
Watsessing	51	82	28	25
Park	53	33	25	16
Teachers not i	n-			*
cluded above	64	55	22	25
Totals	580	714	186	222

During the year just closed twenty-six of our teachers have taken University courses and five have done work in Summer Schools or elsewhere. All of this reading and work has resulted in a better understanding of school problems and a closer touch with the latest and the most improved practices in teaching.

Thrift.

The matter of thrift still seems to be an interesting subject to our boys and girls. The results accomplished by the installation of the school savings system are summed up in the following paragraphs quoted from a letter from the local bank in which our deposits are made:

"During the past year there has been deposited through the banking machines by the pupils in all of the schools excepting the High School \$6,479.93; last year there was \$6,660.54 deposited. While the amount deposited is a little less this year I do not believe that is of great importance.

"We have on deposit in the bank \$19,223.64 in 1,147 individual accounts that can be traced directly to this system. This is an average of \$16.76 an account against \$12.83 last year and \$5.81 the year before, so you can see that the growth in average balances during the past year has been nearly \$4.00 and the number of accounts has grown over 33 1-3% in one year. We have estimated that there are in the hands of 2,262 card holders the sum of \$3,391.66 which eventually will be added to the accounts in this bank or cashed.

"There is no doubt of the value of this School Savings System as it has been operating in Bloomfield Public Schools and it is safe to venture the opinion that in no other community has its success been greater and also that the average of the savings bank accounts opened by the pupils will compare favorably with any other city in which the system is in force."

SAVINGS BY SCHOOLS 1922-1923.

School	Total Amount Saved
Berkeley	\$1,816.24
Brookdale	127.90
Brookside	
Carteret	444.82
Center	
Fairview	968.18
Park	
Watsessing	477.99
	\$6,479,93

Athletics.

Athletic activities have been given the usual attention and the result of the year's work was quite satisfactory. During the football season twelve games were played, eight of which were won, two tied and two lost. One of the tie games was played with the Stuyvesant High School of New York, which school won the championship of Greater New York. Our team was also awarded the Class B championship of New Jersey.

Our basketball season was equally successful with the football season. Our team played sixteen games and won twelve of them. Three games ran into over time periods to decide ties.

The baseball season has been fairly successful considering the conditions under which the team worked. We have been handicapped each spring by not having a field available for early practice and for playing games. The Watsessing Park field usually can not be used before May 1st, so the first games of the season have to be played away from home.

The courtesy of the Sprague Electric people in permitting our team to practice on their field has helped us out of what would have been otherwise a serious dilemma. This courtesy is much appreciated.

The progress made in getting our own athletic field ready for use has been very slow and discouraging. We are working hard to have a football gridiron laid out for use in the fall but at the present time this is far from being an assured possibility.

As noted elsewhere the baseball league organized in the elementary schools aroused a great deal of interest in this sport and will tend to develop material for the High School team.

Our athletic coach has been untiring in his efforts to develop good teams and his work is deserving of commendation. Its results are reflected in the records made by the teams he has coached.

Medical Inspection.

Under the caption "Enrollment and Attendance" is noted an exceptional increase in the attendance for the year. Just how much of this increase may be credited to the efforts of the doctor and school nurses it is hard to estimate, but it indicates very strongly that the Medical Inspection Department has been doing

Gifts and Prizes.

The following gifts should be noted and our thanks expressed to the donors:

A gold medal from the Newark Alumni of the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, N. Y., to be awarded to the male member of the graduating class attaining the highest average in mathematics and science combined.

A cash prize from the High School Latin Club to the member of the graduating class making the best record in Latin during the High School course.

A cash prize from the Faculty of the Bloomfield High School Science Department to the member of the graduating class making the best record in Science during the High School course.

A cash prize from the Alumni of the Bloomfield High School to the member of the graduating class making the best general school record during the High School course.

A cash prize from the Commercial Club of the Bloomfield High School to the member of the graduating class making the highest record in commercial subjects during the High School course.

A cash prize from the Eucleian Fund to the member of the graduating class making the best record in English during the High School course.

A cash prize from the Bloomfield Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution to the member of the graduating class of the Park School making the best record in American History.

Two cash prizes of five dollars each from the Bloomfield Teachers Association, one to the boy and one to the girl making the highest general average during the last year in Park School.

Two cash prizes of two dollars and fifty cents each from the Bloomfield Teachers Association, one to the boy and one to the girl making the highest average in English during the last year in Park School.

A silk flag to the pupil making the highest grade in the subject Problems of American Democracy, a subject required by law. This prize was presented by the Junior Order of American Mechanics.

A gift of a silk flag to the High School by the Junior Order of American Mechanics.

A gift of a collection of stuffed birds from Mrs. George D. Whitehead.

A gift of a miniature reproduction of the Taj Mahal, one of the seven most famous buildings in the world, from Mrs. Polhemus Lyon.

A gift of some chemical apparatus from Miss Mary G. Oakes.

A gift of the statue of Venus and Winged Victory from Mrs. George L. Curtis.

Gifts of plants and shrubbery and trees from the Town Improvement Association for the improvement and beautifying of school grounds.

A gift to the High School of a Delineascope by the Latin Club.

Addresses.

The following addresses were given before the High School pupils during the year:

Oct. 17, 1922—Demonstration of the drawing of the National Draft during the war, by Major Charles Morris, assistant to General Crowder, Washington, D. C.

Nov. 14, "—Business Education—Prof. Theodore Distler, New York University.

Nov. 16, " -- Dr. William Swift, Evangelist.

Jan. 4, 1923—Preparation for College—Dr. Arthur Wright, Dartmouth College.

Feb. 1, "—Value of High School Training—Prof. Henry Schauffler, Union College.

Feb. 24, " -- Port of Newark-Dr. C. F. Kreamer.

Feb. 24, " —Our High School—Mayor Frederic R. Pilch, Bloomfield, N. J.



A PHOTOGRAPH OF SAMPLES CONTRIBUTED FROM BLOOMFIELD'S INDUSTRIES USED IN CONNECTION WITH FOURTH GRADE GEOGRAPHY,

- Mar. 13, 1923—Nursing—Miss Edith Hurley, Eastern Council of Nursing, New York City.
- Apr. 10, "—Choosing a Profession—Prof. Allan Cullimore, Newark Technical School.
- Apr. 16, " —Law as a Profession—George Harris, New Jersey Law School.
- Apr. 18, " -Hi Y-William Crawford.
- Apr. 20, "—Training for Department Stores—Miss Helen Fitzsimmons, L. Bamberger & Co., Newark, N. J.

Educational Films.

The following Educational Films were shown in the High School at Assembly periods:

Date Industry Reel Life, No. 1 A Trip through Canada Gardens of Europe Living Book of Nature Tours of the World Masters of the Air O What a Jam Northern Sports under Southern Skies Reel Life, No. 2 Quaint Japan Flying Trip to Hawaiian Islands Couldn't Get Up in the Morning Paper Making Nature's Echoes U. S. Navy.

In closing permit me to express my sincere appreciation of the support accorded me by the members of the Board of Education and of the helpful and earnest co-operation of teachers, principals and supervisors.

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REPORT OF THE SUPERVISOR OF ELEMENTARY GRADES.

Mr. George Morris, Superintendent of Schools:

DEAR SIR: At the close of another school year, in compliance with your request, I submit the following report on the work of the Elementary Schools.

There have been many encouraging marks of steady, healthy growth in the accomplishments of the grades. As my duties have called me from school to school and from grade to grade, this progress in the pupils' advancement has been very tangible. The specific aim in each school has been to improve the instruction in the "three R's" in all of the usual school activities. Barring only such changes as have been suggested by differing conditions of social phases in school life and wider experience, the present course of study has been closely followed. However, a few definite examples may be mentioned that will demonstrate the line of some motivated phases of instruction that may have been carried on and which will illustrate our aims and be of interest to the readers of this report.

Beginning with the first grade and carried on through all classes, more attention than formerly has been given to the matter of silent reading for thought getting and it is gratifying to report that the children are making progress under this directed work.

Concentrated effort along definite lines in oral and written English for the improvement in logical, or orderly sequence of thought, and naturalness of expression, has been the constant goal. As a result greater freedom in thought, greater accuracy of speech and a marked development in choice of words have been noted. The teachers by using problems relating to the children's everyday experiences have linked up all subjects with the English instruction. They have emphasized the value of the formation of habits that go to develop good citizenship and right living and have obtained valuable applied lessons in civics, history, geography, spelling and arithmetic.

The outcome of this instruction has been the organization of Safety First, Thrift, Health, Music and History Clubs under pupil leadership, also socialized recitations, discussions, dramatizations, spelling and arithmetic contests for accuracy and speed.

Helpful material to vivify and illustrate the lessons in geography and history has been lent or has been given by parents who have been interested through their children in different projects that have been developed in the classrooms. Very valuable articles have been given to the schools from business concerns and factories in response to letters of inquiry written by pupils in the English classes. This wealth of material has been mounted on charts, used in the making of miniature villages or presented to the class in an inspirational way both by pupil and teacher. Unusual interest has been thus created and lasting impressions of the facts to be taught have been made.

The project work undertaken this year has been conservative and has been followed with utmost caution. All projects have been used to link up and motivate the essential points laid out in our grade outlines. A few types of work given below will illustrate concretely some of the methods used to vitalize the instruction and form worthwhile class and school projects.

In the study of geography and history, children have selected their own imaginary journeys to important cities and countries, having as a purpose either a pleasure or a business trip. They have gathered the needed material, such as: railroad time tables, steamboat schedules, hotel guides, postal cards, pictures, newspaper clippings and very often booklets with the industrial and historical settings of places to be visited. These have helped to make the journeys very realistic and have formed valuable lessons.

Spelling record charts and health reports have been placed on the blackboards to spur the individual pupils to work for one hundred per cent. or a high average at the end of a week or month. Competition has proved its worth and the children have put forth greater effort. Hygiene talks and daily inspection have been a very important item in the daily program in all the schools, Weather charts, flower and bird calendars have been the means of stimulating observation and interest. Friendly contests between grades or different divisions of the same grade in spelling, arithmetic, and writing have been used for drill and to arouse healthy

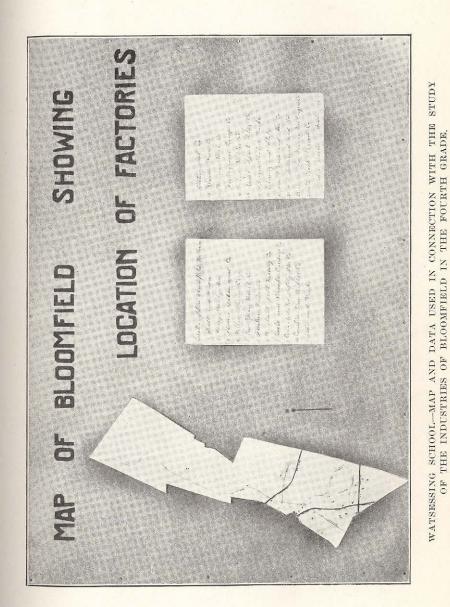
competition. Applied lessons of civic and ethical value have been stressed more than ever, constant effort having been put forth to secure habits of courtesy, thoughtful kindness, self-control and self-reliance among the pupils.

One of the many interesting projects carried out in the Center School was the study of the cattle industry. In this connection a chart was made, showing by samples and pictures collected by the pupils, the by-products of this industry.

A sugar cane plantation was worked out remarkably well on a sand table at the Berkeley School. This project was the outcome of the study in a geography class of the sugar industry. Carefully planned correlation in language, spelling and history made this lesson of great value.

The formation of History and Music Clubs in the Brookside School was an outstanding feature in a worthwhile project. The following data will explain the purpose: "A History Club was organized by the 6B class in November and conducted entirely by pupils, following parliamentary procedure under the direction of the history teacher. A constitution was written by the pupils. Officers were chosen every two months consisting of a president, vice-president, secretary and treasurer. The Superintendent of Schools, the Elementary Supervisor and the Principal of the school were made honorary members. Committees were appointed to arrange an historical program for each meeting." The class teacher has reported interest along historical lines stimulated and an excellent foundation for good citizenship laid. The orchestra which has been organized this year has accomplished very creditable work. Its membership numbers nine violins and a drum and traps. "To cement the members more closely a Music Club was formed. Business meetings were held regularly and small assessments imposed, as dues, which were used to purchase music and to further sociability." The band has furnished music for Assembly exercises and for marching to the classrooms on arrival at the morning and afternoon sessions.

Along the line of the above activity, I wish to call attention to the commendable orchestra work that the pupils of the Berkeley, Fairview, Watsessing and Park Schools have carried on. The Park School orchestra has done so well that it has been in



great demand for different functions held in the High School Auditorium.

The following compositions will show one of the methods we have used in giving a practical applied aim or purpose in our English instruction.

What I Can Do to Prevent Accidents.

During nineteen twenty-two there were estimated from seventy-five thousand to ninety-five thousand deaths and from two million to twelve million injured in the United States from accidents. In Bloomfield alone there were two hundred forty-two accidents.

What can I do to help prevent them? There are dangers all around, in the home, in the street, and in the school.

At home there is a great danger from fire. To prevent this we should not allow rubbish to accumulate, as this may catch fire by carelessly dropping on it a lighted match. Many serious fires are caused by bonfires. Heavy bags and old brooms should be handy to beat out the fire if it spreads. Fire is also caused by kerosene, gasoline and stove polish that contains inflammable substances. Oil stoves, if upset, cause fire. Matches should be kept in a tin box out of the reach of small children.

At Christmas time many fires are caused by Christmas trees. Candles are lighted and the branches or ornaments catch fire. In Newark, there was an old stone church that was burned. A boy went into the church, and as it was dark, lighted several matches, one of which ignited a Christmas tree. It blazed up and the boy, becoming frightened, jumped out of a window to save his own life. The result was the interior of the church was burned and thousands of dollars were lost.

On the Fourth of July there were many fires due to fire-works. In a store, in Bloomfield, a small girl had purchased a top pistol and some caps. She shot a cap in the store and some sparks that flew from it ignited some rockets near. Soon the whole store was ablaze and great damage resulted from this act of carelessness.

Accidents in the home are caused by various things. Poisons are easily mistaken for medicine if the labels are off. They should be kept on a shelf by themselves, out of the reach of children.

Most of the accidents on the streets are caused by automobiles. The following are good rules to prevent these accidents.

- 1. Look up and down, and both ways, before crossing the street.
 - 2. Cross at the regular crossings.
 - 3. Wait for the traffic policeman to tell you when to cross.
- 4. When alighting from a bus catch hold of it with the left hand, step down with the right foot and jump in the direction the bus is going.

Many accidents are caused by jumping off moving trains, walking on the railroad tracks, also by not waiting to "Stop, Look and Listen."

There are also many dangers at our own school. In fire drills we should not rush, as this might cause a panic; we should not linger, as there might be a real fire, but walk at a quick, steady pace. When playing ball, do not throw the ball too hard as it might strike a passer-by or one of the players. Serious injuries have been caused by doing this. If the ball goes out in the street, do not run to get it until you are sure that the road is clear. Do not carelessly slam the fire-doors as some one might be in the way and get hurt. Do not rush down the stairs.

If I obey these rules I shall be doing my share to prevent accidents and so decrease the death toll in the United States.

Park School. Anna Stokes.

DEAR PARENTS: You are invited to attend a meeting to be held in the Bloomfield High School Auditorium on Monday evening, May 28, 1923, at eight o'clock.

The object of the meeting is to organize "The Home and School Association," so that the home and school may become acquainted and may work together for the benefit of all.

The speaker of the evening will be Dr. Charles A. Philhower, Superintendent of the Public Schools of Westfield, New Jersey. He will tell about an association of this kind which has been doing very good work in Westfield for some time.

There will be music by the Park School Orchestra. A large attendance of parents and teachers is desired.

Your son.

Carteret School, May twenty-third. THOMAS DIDOUSIS,

The House Beautiful.

"The House Beautiful" is a perfect house,
You never saw a rat or mouse;
This house is clean and neat and bright,
And also safely lit at night.

The kitchen is a healthful room With walls all white and blue; An electric range, a table white, And a sink that is brand-new.

The larder's full of wholesome food.
Fruit and lots of milk;
The parlor is a dainty place
With draperies of silk.

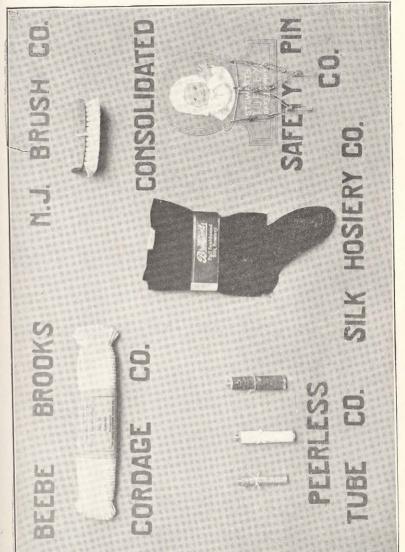
The bedroom is all spick and span,
The bed is snow-like white,
And here the children go to bed
At eight o'clock, each night.
Watsessing School.
HELEN WENTWORTH.

This unique and helpful device has been used to promote better English in the Brookdale School: "A sealed box with a narrow slit in the top is placed in a convenient location in the classroom. When a child hears a grammatical error made by one of his classmates in school or outside, he writes the exact words spoken and the name of his classmate who made the mistake. On the back of the slip, he writes the correct form and signs his name. This slip is then placed in the 'Correction Box.' Once a week the box is unsealed and errors and corrections read. Each row of pupils has a number and the score is kept by rows. The row having the highest number of corrections and fewest errors wins."

The most ambitious example of a purposeful project has been undertaken in the Watsessing School. With the co-operative work of every grade interest has been centered around the building and furnishing of a "House Beautiful." The plans were drawn and the house constructed under the direction of the Manual Training Department of the Grammar School. Space cannot be given me to describe in detail the correlated problems used by each grade to motivate the work in the fundamental studies.

Beginning with the Kindergarten the interest has been centered in the large thought of "Shelter." Morning talks, stories, songs, room decorations and table work have illustrated the various kinds of shelter in the wonderful way each living thing is protected. Following this line of thought, "The need of shelter and protection," different grades have studied the home life of the Indians, the primitive home life of the "First white men," the Pilgrims, and early settlers up to the present time. Stories and legends have been read and interpretative games and dances have been taught in the physical training classes. In the Hygiene classes first aid work has been demonstrated, also a medicine cabinet has been constructed and filled. Good housekeeping and care of family, including cleanliness of person and home, sanitary plumbing, proper preparation of food, the making of menus for healthful, well-balanced meals and the proper serving of them have made topics for study and discussion.

In considering the material needed for the building and furnishing of this "House Beautiful" the subject of manufacturing has been studied. In the fourth grade, a list of the industries of Bloomfield was made a problem for investigation. Many incentives for research work were provided, such as: reason for location; where the raw material came from; where the finished products found a market, and many similar questions. The pupils were much interested in bringing advertisements, collecting materials and mounting these on charts for a permanent exhibit. Purposeful English lessons were made by classes writing letters asking for samples or advertising matter. Manufacturers gave their valuable time and attention to the children's inquiries, even dictating long letters of information and sending many samples of their products. The children were delighted with the courte-



ous response and learned valuable lessons. Arithmetic problems, such as: buying a lot and building a house through the Building and Loan, itemized bills for furnishing of the house and the writing of business letters were studied. Different types of architecture were made the basis of interesting research work in History classes. In spelling terms peculiar to the industries studied were looked up and made a part of the child's usable vocabulary. Informal and formal invitations to social functions pertaining to the "real life" of the people in the "House Beautiful" were written in the English classes.

The activities mentioned, which include a variety of interests and cover a number of subjects, are illustrative of some of the types of problems stressed in all schools, although handled with different motives.

Students from the High School during "Safety First Week" gave extemporaneous talks in the Auditoriums of the Elementary schools. This was an innovation and productive of good results. The pupils also from the grammar department in their respective schools, either by short talks or reading of compositions, came before the primary grades and very graphically warned the little folks of the dangers of the street.

During the past year, the handwork and academic instruction in the opportunity and special classes has been carried on very successfully under most trying circumstances. The prospect of a new building to house all of these classes make the future outlook for a more intensive and broader field in this special work very promising.

The work of the "Town Improvement Association" in beautifying and improving our school grounds has been a means of many civic lessons. Lessons both "silent" and "oral" have been the medium also of helping the betterment of the appearance of many children's home grounds.

Throughout the year, the newspapers have been very generous in giving space to school items, and this help is greatly appreciated. The bringing through the press notices of educational activities stimulates the parents' interest and is a link in cementing co-operation.

Group or grade meetings have been held from time to time.

These conferences have consisted of "round table" talks or discussions on the regular every day problems in the classrooms, also exchanges of ideas regarding different methods of presentation and comparison of class work. We have also taken our typewritten copies of the course of study as a basis for investigation. We have found that in some cases the standard can be raised and new problems introduced to meet the demands of changing civic and social conditions. Programs and courses of study from other cities have been consulted and compared with our own, also pedagogical books reviewed, in order to make an intelligent survey of educational problems.

The practice of giving teachers two visiting days a year has been most helpful. These observation days have been used to visit our own schools, or schools in out of town systems. The teachers have returned with new ideas and greater inspiration for their work. At our grade meetings days experiences have been told or reports read from which helpful suggestions have been gleaned.

This year, unavoidably, the meetings have been few in number. I repret this fact, for I, too, as well as the teachers, need the inspiration of "get-together" meetings. The friendly informal talks over the individual problems, the varied experiences and suggestions have been a source of real pleasure as well as a help to us all.

In conclusion, I wish to say, I am very grateful for the cordial help and co-operation of the principals, supervisors and teachers, and greatly indebted to you for your wise and kindly guidance, together with the confidence shown in my efforts to perform my various duties.

Respectfully submitted,

IDA E. ROBINSON,

Supervisor of Elementary Grades.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF DRAWING.

Mr. George Morris, Superintendent of Schools:

DEAR SIR: I submit herewith the annual report of the department of drawing and elemetary manual training for the year ending June 30, 1923.

In general, work has proceeded along the usual lines. The outlines for the lower grades have been remodelled to make the work as practical as possible and to adjust it more closely to the course of study. We are trying to lay emphasis on a progressive sequence of principles and facts to be taught rather than on covering absolutely any stated number of problems suggested, believing that some principle of drawing or habit of work learned by a few exercises, well done, is more valuable than a great amount of work done poorly.

A little more work than heretofore has been done in the lower grades in costume and interior decoration so as to correlate with home life and with special problems such as the house built by the manual training classes of one school. Other new problems have been introduced. For example: a lamp shade in Grade VIII-B to fit a base made by the boys in manual training.

In the High School the number electing art has been greater than ever before. We are glad to note an increase in free-hand classes, as a knowledge of the elements of perspective is so valuable in whatever line the students follow later. Much enthusiasm has been shown in the basketry classes with the result that the students become interested in other lines of work. The costume and applied design classes are popular and some electinterior decoration, lettering, cartooning and pen and ink work.

Besides the personal problems taken up, much has been done in connection with the social functions of the school. Besides posters for several occasions, High School Annuals, and the Annual Report cover the scenery and other appointments for a marionette show given by the Latin Club were designed and carried out by the art department.

Tie-dying and batik work have been introduced in the applied design classes and one student is doing a problem in etched metal. Several have shown their interest and ability by repeating in other problems at home, without supervision, the things they have learned to do in school.

We appreciate the continued co-operation of the Superintendent and Principals and the earnest and faithful efforts of the special and grade teachers in helping to make this department a success.

Respectfully submitted, E. RUTH PALMER, Director.

REPORT OF MANUAL TRAINING.

Mr. George Morris, Superintendent of Schools:

DEAR SIR: In the fifth, sixth and seventh grades the plan of work followed was much the same as last year. Besides being taught the proper use of tools, the boys were made acquainted with the production and manufacture of the various materials most commonly used in the industrial field, kept informed of the important events in the history of industry and so far as practicable were given the opportunity to express their own ideas in their work.

The House Beautiful project in the Watsessing School was worked out very successfully, and the house is completed. The pupils showed unusual interest and enthusiasm in this project and the diversity of the work proved very helpful to the boys. First the plans of the house were drawn and the specifications made. The classes were then organized with a general contractor, under whose supervision were the contractors for carpentry, masonry, painting, plumbing and heating, and electrical work. In each class foremen were selected to supervise the work of the class.

The work was begun by building a platform, after which concrete forms were erected (the boys procuring the sand, stones, wire, etc.) and the concrete foundation completed. Then the frame work was erected, the roof framed and shingled, the door and window frames made and set, the cornices and clapboarding completed, electric wiring done for lights and bells, the chimney built, plaster board set, the inside trim placed, the porch constructed and at last the house painted.

In the Eighth Grade and in the High School each boy was requested to bring in his own problem or project and work it out under the teacher's direction. A variety of work has been done, including considerable on wireless. The enrollment in the shop classes has been much heavier than in any preceding year, which shows a greater interest in shopwork.

Some of the work done for the schools included:

- 4 cabinets made and 3 repaired,
- 3 bulletin boards made,
- 2 kindergarten tables made, 4 tables and 16 chairs repaired,
- I bookcase made.

also numerous small articles, such as card boxes, ink boxes, printing blocks, shelves, files, etc.

In mechanical drawing the same course of study as we used last year was followed.

Respectfully submitted,

ALBERT F. KOEHLER, Director.

REPORT OF DIRECTOR OF DOMESTIC SCIENCE.

Mr. George Morris, Superintendent of Schools:

DEAR SIR: The work in Household Arts has continued on much the usual lines. We are experimenting with new models in the Fourth Grade Manual Training, where the difficulties are large classes, boys and girls together, and rather short lesson periods, considering the type of work.

Owing to the overcrowded conditions, we have had to cut out the cooking for the 7A classes, leaving only one-half year of cooking in the elementary grades. This is unfortunate, as comparatively few of the girls in High School can take cooking, but under the circumstances, it seems unavoidable. In place of the cooking, the girls have been making very simple slip-over dresses, with colored bindings and applique trimmings.

The Eighth Grade girls have made one-piece graduation dresses, with uniform colored trimmings, for three terms now. The effect is very pretty and the girls have enjoyed the change in style. The cost is much less than that of the middy, skirt and tie, as much less material is used. The average cost of the dresses this June, including ribbon for the bow tie, is \$1.36.

In the High School, the numbers taking both sewing and cooking have increased from 31 in sewing and 47 in cooking last term, to 72 in sewing and 58 in cooking this term. For the first time in three years, we have been able to give the complete course in cooking in the High School. This has been a great pleasure. The sewing cannot just now be given as a course, because it cannot be planned for in the regular schedule. The girls fit it into their study periods and this results in groups of such mixed ability and varied amounts of previous instruction, as to make possible only individual work.

Respectfully submitted,
CLARA E. SCHAUFFLER, Director.

REPORT OF DIRECTOR OF PHYSICAL TAINING.

Mr. George Morris, Superintendent of Schools:

Dear Sir: One thing I think we have made advancement in this year is the so called formal work of the physical education department. Special emphasis has been placed upon it. Each teacher writes the formal work on the blackboard so the children may see it. In this way the children see the work and learn the commands and can do the exercises without visual instruction each time. Many of the children have become leaders and are able to tell different exercises for different postural defects. The formal work has become more precise and definite and has developed more force and vigor.

In one of the schools a few "Walter Camp" records were introduced. The children enjoyed doing the work by music and because of the increased element of pleasure acquired more benfit. If arrangements could be made for more music with this work, it would be much more effective.

In Park School some of the teachers used the "Daily Dozen" without the music, thus having the maximum exercise in the minimum space. A great deal of the work in Park School along physical training is done through play. The whole school goes out, warm or cold weather, to play the games, mostly competitive between different classes. A sportsmanlike spirit is developed that is very valuable at the age of the pupils in seventh and eighth grades.

In the lower grades Mr. Richard's Rythmic Plays have been successfully used, giving rythmic work in the school rooms and taking the place of the folk dancing. Both teachers and children enjoy this very much.

At Watsessing School during Education Week an interesting program was given by the different departments in school work. The physical training was demonstrated by the seventh and eighth grade classes. The lower grades were led by a small boy through an informal story play that included the corrective and educational, as well as the play element. The higher grades were successfully shown doing a very formal lesson, followed by a game.



A PHOTOGRAPH OF SAMPLES CONTRIBUTED FROM BLOOMFIELD'S INDUSTRIES USED IN CONNECTION WITH FOURTH GRADE GEOGRAPHY.

This year basketball posts were put in most of the school yards, making it possible for a larger variety of games to be played. Some of the schools organized girls' basketball teams.

We are having great success with our Baseball League this year. Much interest is shown throughout the system. The games are having a large and enthusiastic attendance.

We are sometimes criticized for having so much of the time spent in games, but this is the tendency throughout the country in physical education. It is the best way to get a large amount of exercise in a short time, as well as having many educational values.

I may say that with the help and co-operation of the principal and teachers the work in formal exercise has been much improved.

Respectfully submitted,

PAULINE HATCH,

Supervisor of Phycical Education.

REPORT OF GARDEN SUPERVISOR.

Mr. George Morris, Superintendent of Schools:

DEAR SIR: The report of the School Garden Supervisor's work for the spring and summer (1922) is respectfully submitted herewith:

Classroom Work.

The course, as was outlined in the annual report of the Superintendent for the year 1919, was followed beginning in October and continuing until May, after which my time was devoted to following up the home gardens and giving advice on gardening and poultry.

Home Gardens.

The Supervisor's records show there were 545 pupils having home gardens, ranging in size from four feet square to one hundred feet square. It was found impossible to visit all of these gardens, due to lack of time, and so it was decided to send out a circular letter to every pupil who had signed a garden card, instructing them that if they were having trouble to call me on the phone and they would receive first consideration. A large number of such calls were received and these were promptly taken care of.

Advisory Work.

Two hundred and twelve telephone calls, in addition to the pupil calls were received from citizens of the town for advice as to various problems confronting them. These calls were promptly answered and, in most cases, they meant a personal visit from the Supervisor. On one day 23 telephone calls were received, but of course this was an exceptional day.

The spray pumps, as owned by your board, were loaned on 43 occasions. Many articles were written and published in The Press on subjects thought to be of interest to gardeners.

The Supervisor was invited to speak on various phases of gardening before several nearby clubs during the past year and he has received many letters of appreciation and encouragment.

A. G. Pennell, Supervisor of Home Gardens. A letter from one of the clubs before which the Supervisor spoke, follows:

My Dear Mr. Pennell: After the expression of thanks by our ladies yesterday, I do not feel that you could desire anything more from our Nature Study Department, but I want to thank you personally for coming to talk to us. What you gave us was just what we wanted and needed and it was told so clearly and simply, that I am sure we shall remember a great deal of it.

You came to us a stranger, except to those of us who read your columns in The Press, but you left with forty new enthusiastic friends. I wish we might be able to do something for you. Some time perhaps we will.

Thanking you again for your kindness and frouble, I am,
MRS. WM. L. FLYE.

REPORT OF MEDICAL INSPECTOR.

Mr. George Morris, Superintendent of Schools:

Dear Sir: The report of the Medical Inspector for the year 1922-1923 follows:

The medical inspection of the Bloomfield Public Schools commenced in October, 1922, and was completed during January. 1923. In all some 4,800 school children were examined and a systematized record kept of each child. In the primary grades a disease record sheet was started and all contagious diseases suffered by each individual was noted to enable us to classify which children had had measles, scarlet fever, etc.

In future years this will enable us to keep the schools open in epidemics with comparative safety.

The sanitary survey of the schools in many cases was satisfactory, the toilets were usually clean, free from debris and well ventilated. In some of the older buildings, however, I advocate the removing of the doors on the individual toilets to enable the light and sunshine to enter. Classroom ventilation was not adequate during the winter in Carteret, and in the old wing of Berkeley School.

The medical inspector and the nurses appreciate the new rooms allotted to them in Fairview, Brookside and Watsessing, but desire some new equipment for these and the other schools.

I feel that we should progress and would like very much to have another nurse and, if possible, a dental clinic to help in carrying on the work set before us.

A few surrounding towns have a dentist and dental clinics; namely, Kearny, Nutley, South Orange, Maplewood and Montclair. From reports that can be obtained we conclude that these clinics have worked quite harmoniously with the medical department in stamping out disease and bettering the health of the child.

The Mountainside Hospital and the Orthopedic Hospital of Orange have opened their doors to us and we have with their aid remedied many bad conditions in the poorer families.

Contagion was at a minimum in our schools this past year. We had only a slight epidemic of measles and scarlet fever. The usual mumps epidemic did not appear.



The nutrition work which was established last year progressed more favorably this year and the nutrition worker has achieved splendid results in her nutrition classes.

In closing I wish to take this time to thank the teachers for their aid and also to express my appreciation to the school nurses for their able assistance in helping to care for the school children.

Respectfully submitted,

ARTHUR G. PILCH, M.D.

REPORT OF NUTRITION WORKER.

Mr. George Morris, Superintendent of Schools:

DEAR SIR: Nutrition work during the past year has made progress. Although only half of the time devoted last year to this work was available this year nevertheless results have been most encouraging. Combining the nutrition work and the work of the school nurse has been advantageous in certain respects, for we know that physical defects greatly control nutrition. By combining the two kinds of work, the nutrition worker knows as soon as the physical examination is made by the doctor, whether the malnourished child has defects, and hastens to have them corrected.

All of the underweight children, for this reason, had their usual medical examination before the rest of the school children were examined. After the initial weighing, measuring and physical examination, a chart was hung in each class room listing all children who were 10 per cent. or more underweight and charting their defects. As soon as defects were remedied they were removed from the charts. Each month these children were reweighed, the amount of gain or loss recorded and credit given if they had taken the glass of milk and cracker which is available in every school.

The following table shows the results of the weighing of the children in September and February:

Weight Statistics September, 1922, and February, 1923.

Per cent. of pupils in the following schools who were underweight.

weight.		
Schools:	Sept.	Feb.
Berkeley	19.5	10.2
Brookside	23.7	13.4
Brookdale	19.3	14.2
Carteret	14.9	8.9
Center	13.2	9.6
Fairview	17.9	12.5
Park	21.7	25
Watsessing	17.7	10.5
Opportunity	26	26
Total numbers of pupils weighed	3723	3299
Total number of pupils underweight 10% or more		419
Total per cent. of pupils underweight 10% or more	19.3	12.7

The 419 children who were underweight 10 per cent. or more in February had been reduced in number by June 1st to 350.

Very early in the fall nutrition classes containing the children most underweight were formed in two schools. Mothers were urged to come to class so that they would thoroughly understand the work which was being carried on and would co-operate in every way. Many mothers came regularly, and the gains of their children were rapid. The children whose mothers did not come gained more slowly or not at all. A large measure of home control is necessary to obtain good results, otherwise we cannot expect children, especially the younger ones, to make rapid gains.

One very important fact was brought to light in connection with a group of young children. Because of the crowded conditions of the school these children attended a one session school day and made fairly good gains for several months. Then the building was enlarged and the children returned to the full two session day. They immediately began to lose weight and have not regained it. This substantiates the theory that underweight children cannot do the work of normal children and should have shorter school hours, more rest, sunshine and fresh air.

Early in the year 1923 Dr. William R. P. Emerson, President Nutrition Clinics for Delicate Children, Boston, held a nutrition institute in Newark which was most helpful. Dr. Emerson feels that not only is a child 10 per cent. underweight malnourished, but that children 7 per cent. underweight should be so classified. The last part of this year, therefore, we have followed as closely as possible Dr. Emerson's methods and find that in every case they produce results. The standard of nutrition should be estimated by the relation of weight to height and not to age, for it is a physiological law that the growing body requires the weight to sustain the height. Every child examined who is 7 per cent. or more underweight is a candidate for a nutrition class, for all have the following signs of malnutrition:

- 1. Round shoulders
- 2. Cramped chest
- 3. Protruding abdomen
- 4. Flabby muscles
- 5. Poor color
- 6. Lines under the eyes.

A class following all of Dr. Emerson's suggestions was formed in Berkeley School. All of the children in the third and fourth grades were weighed and measured. Thirty-three per cent. of these children were found to be 7 per cent. or more underweight. A letter was sent to the parents of each child asking them if they would like to have their child enter a nutrition class where the child would be weighed each week, be given a complete physical examination by a physician, and asking one parent to come to the class each week to receive the special instruction connected with the health work.

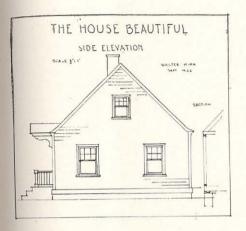
The class formed consisted of 15 children. The normal or expected gain of the class for the ten weeks it has been held should have been 15½ pounds. The actual gain was 43½ pounds, an excess of 28 pounds or 280%. Three children in the class failed to have defects remedied, so lowering the average gain. The largest gain made in the class by one child was 6¼ pounds. Since the expected gain was 1 pound the excess was 5¼ pounds or 625%. Only seven of the fifteen in the class remained 7% or more underweight after ten weeks.

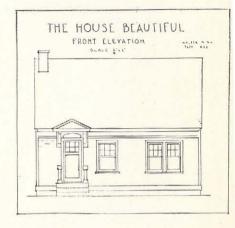
To help the children gain we tried to teach them to return to the simple living. Stress was laid on the following health habits: (a) daily rest periods; (b) mid-morning and afternoon lunches; (c) open windows. Each child was required to keep a diet book with a complete list of everything eaten for at least two days in the week to make sure that the child was eating enough and the right kind of food. The mothers were most regular in attendance, bringing to class their problems. The consequent discussions proved most helpful.

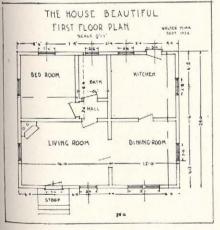
May I take this opportunity of saying that the splendid cooperation of Mr. Hargrove, principal of Berkeley School, and of Dr. Pilch, our medical inspector, who made all of the physical examinations, made possible the success of the class

Bloomfield needs nutrition work, not because she is a town of tenements and slums and unemployed, but because the majority of the homes are those of the better to do in which we find a very large part of our malnutrition.

MARGARET H. NILES.







HOUSE BEAUTIFUL.

This work was done by the pupils in the Watsessing School, including the fifth, sixth and seventh grades.

Some of the benefits derived from this work by the pupils include:

- A general knowledge of building construction.
- 2. Experience with various materials.
- 3. Spirit of co-operation in group work.
- 4. The training of leaders.
- The development of initiative, self reliance, and a feeling of responsibility.

WATSESSING SCHOOL—PLANS FOR HOUSE BEAUTIFUL. DRAWING MADE BY PUPILS IN MANUAL TRAINING CLASS.

REPORT OF SCHOOL NURSES.

Total number of schools inspected	. 10
Visits made to homes	165
Treatments given in schools.	
Visits of nurse to dispensaries.	14
DEPARTMENT OF SCHOOL HYGIENE—PHYSICALLY DEFECTIVE.	
Defective Vision—	
Number of cases reported	144
Secured glasses	70
Consulted optician	17
Promised to consult optician	40
Disapprove of treatment	8
Eyelids. B.M.—	
Number of cases reported	10
Cases treated	5
Promised to consult physician	3
Disapprove of treatment	0
Enlarged Tonsils and Adenoids—	
Number of cases reported	966
Operations	60
Consulted physician	157
Promise to consult physician	199
Disapprove of treatment	95
Defective Teeth—	
Number of cases reported	943
Treated and improved	131
Treated and cured	321 321
Disapprove of treatment	54
	34
Defective Hearing—	0
Number of cases reported	2
Treated and improved	1
Promise to consult physician	
Disapprove of treatment	0
Enlarged Cervical Glands-	
Number of cases reported	11
Operation	
Cases treated	
Consulted physician	
Promise to consult physician	

Orthopedic Defect-Number of cases reported Cases treated Anemia-Number of cases reported Cases treated Consulted physician Promise to consult physician 0 Cases of Exclusion-Excluded by School Nurse Suspected mumps ________10 Suspected whooping cough Suspected measles Suspected chicken-pox Suspected scarlet fever Suspected tuberculosis ______1 Skin condition 40 Conjunctivitis 38 Pediculosis Captia 157

MARY McGOVERN, R. N. MARGARET H. NILES

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT

DAY SCHOOLS.

Net Enrollments 1922-1923.

No.	1.	High School	655
		Berkeley School	777
No.	3.	Brookside School	961
No.	4.	Center School	502
No.	5.	Brookdale School	180
No.	6.	Carteret School	256
No.	7.	Fairview School	585
No.	8.	Watsessing School	608
No.	9.	Park School	415
No.	10.	Opportunity School	28
			_
	То	tal	5007

ENROLLMENT BY YEARS.

1890	*************	1008	1909	2688
1893	***************************************	1161	1910	2751
1896		1382	1911	2966
1897		1477	1912	3174
1898		1643	1913	3372
1899		1678	1914	3550
1900		1760	1915	3738
1901		1774	1916	3933
1902		1972	1917	3962
1903	3	2102	1918	4290
1904		2153	1919	4307
1905		2247	1920	4372
1906		2425	1921	4301
1907	***************************************	2562	1922	4697
1908		2629	1923	5007

DAYS' ATTENDANCE.

1902	 244,000
1903	 264,000
1904	 288,000
1905	 308,000
1906	 337,900
1907	 350,000
1908	 371,000
1909	 380 000
1910	 392,000
1911	431,000
1912	 455,000
1913	 489,000
1914	 521,000
1915	 552 000
1916	579,000
1917	591,000
1918	 585,000
1919	 633,000
1920	 611,000
1921	 654,000
1922	 698,000
1923	 760,000.

EVENING SCHOOL.

Net	Enrollment	1904-1905211	Total Attendance 2,673
Net	Enrollment	1905-1906232	Total Attendance 4,369
Net	Enrollment	1906-1907273	Total Attendance 5,076
Net	Enrollment	1907-1908268	Total Attendance 5,225
Net	Enrollment	1908-1909285	Total Attendance 7,405
Net	Enrollment	1909-1910284	Total Attendance 7,671
Net	Enrollment	1910-1911309	Total Attendance 7,087
Net	Enrollment	1911-1912321	Total Attendance 6,565
Net	Enrollment	1912-1913409	Total Attendance10,436
Net	Enrollment	1913-1914461	Total Attendance11,4701/2
Net	Enrollment	1914-1915462	Total Attendance11,829
Net	Enrollment	1915-1916496	Total Attendance13,139
Net	Enrollment	1916-1917383	Total Attendance10,182
Net	Enrollment	1917-1918380	Total Attendance10,121
Net	Enrollment	1918-1919301	Total Attendance 6,031
Net	Enrollment	1919-1920322	Total Attendance 7,033
Net	Enrollment	1920-1921480	Total Attendance11,086
Net	Enrollment	1921-1922395	Total Attendance10,114
Net	Enrollment	1922-1923400	Total Attendance10,645

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

Bloomfield, N. J., July 1, 1923.

To the Board of Education:

Gentlemen: I herewith submit the annual Financial Statement for the school year ending June 30th, 1923:

RECEIPTS.

Balances, July 1st, 1922, as follows: Current Expenses Library Repairs to Buildings—Account Additions to Buildings—Account	12.06 13.99 10,519.51	11 204 00
Received from State, Current Expenses\$		11,394.00
" " Town " "		
" Town, Repairs to Building, etc	14,340.00	
" Town, Manual Training		
" Town, School Libraries	500.00	
" State, Manual Training due from		
last year (1921-1922)	521.20	
" State, Manual Training 1922-1923	4,401.11	
" State, School Libraries	100.00	
" Town, Additions to Buildings and Playground	218,111.49	616,425.26
Received from other sources:		
Tuition\$	4,134.00	
Interest on deposits	604.22	
Insurance	1,009.00	
Miscellaneous receipts	3,546.66	9,293.88
Total receipts and balances	\$	637,113.14

DISBURSEMENTS.

Current Expenses:	
Teachers' Salaries (Day and Evening)\$2	90,805.28
	20,050.30
Fuel	19,198.99
Transportation	2,589.20
Tuition	600.00
Salary of Clerk-Expenses Supt. Office, etc	1,757.77
Text Books	9,638.03
School Supplies-Stationery, etc	13,151.23
Apparatus	250.00

Janitors' Supplies	2,438.94	
Water, Light and Power	5,101.07	
Medical Inspection	3 883.28	
Attendance Officer	1,112.00	
Salary Secretary-Supplies and Expenses Board of		
Education	1,494.70	
Insurance	3,867.68	
Wages Other Employees	224.00	
Refund—Town of Bloomfield	3,627.63	
Telephone Service-Incidental Expenses	1,200.10	
		\$380,990.20
Manual Training:		7 9 9
Teachers' Salaries\$	7 073.56	
Materials and Supplies		
Repairs and Replacements		
		\$ 10,091.73
School Libraries:		
Books		473.21
Buildings:		
Repairs and Equipment\$	13 045 11	
Leasing School Rooms		
Assessments		
	2,017.70	15,994.81
School Additions and Playground:		
Additions \$1	81,989,94	
Furniture and Equipment		
Playground—Improvement		
		210,613.52
Balances in hands of Custodian:		
Current Expenses\$	773.48	
Library	138.85	
Building and Repair Account.	19.86	
	18,017.48	
		18,949.67
Total Expenditures and Balances on Hand	\$	637,113,14
Respectfully submitted,		
EDGAR S. STO	VER Sec	retary.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

Elementary Schools,	8:45 to 12:00 M.
A THE LORS OF THE PROPERTY OF	I:15 to 3:15 P. M.
Morning Recess 10 minutes.	
Kindergartens,	8:45 to 11:20 A. M.
	I:15 to 2:30 P. M.
High School,	8:15 to 1:30 P. M.

School doors open 20 minutes before the school sessions begin and close 30 minutes after school is dismissed in the afternoon. From December 1 to March 30, the buildings are open during the noon hours.

The Superintendent of Schools may order half-day sessions because of weather conditions.

Excuses for absence or tardiness must be signed by the parent or guardian, and state that the absence or tardiness was with the knowledge and approval of the signer or the equivalent. All lessons may be counted zero until made up in a manner satisfactory to the teacher. No lesson may be made up until an excuse has been accepted.

No charitable appeals may be laid before any class.

No person may visit any school or class to see any teacher or pupil upon personal business of any kind.

The schools are always open to the inspection of the public, and parents and citizens are cordially invited to visit them at any time.

Teachers are to be present at school 20 minutes before school opens and 30 minutes after school closes.

Teachers may visit two days each year such schools as they may arrange with their superior officers, and report in writing. In addition, teachers may be absent on account of sickness three days in the year without deduction of compensation.

Full deduction of salary is to be made for absence for reasons other than personal illness or death in the immediate family.

Full pay will be deducted for absence occurring on the day before or the day following any vacation period, except as provided for above.

All claims regarding absences must be presented in writing

to the Secretary of the Board of Education within one week from the date of the teacher's return to school.

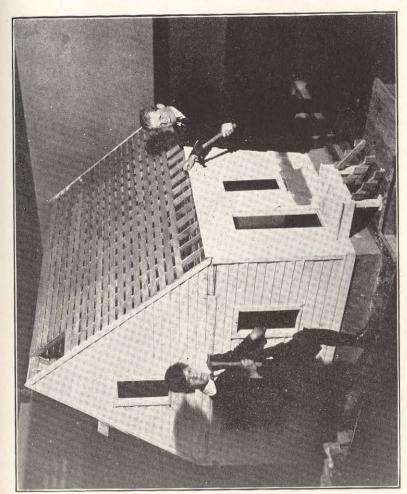
Special cases may be referred to the Board of Education.

The compensation of substitutes is \$4.00 per school day in Grades I to VIII, also in the Kindergarten, and \$5.00 in Grades IX to XII.

Principals will report in writing, monthly or oftener, failures of specialists or class teachers to be present upon the time set in these schedules and rules.

The duties of teachers include required attendance at school, grade, special and general meetings, not exceeding five in any one month. The duties of principals and specialists include required attendance at all meetings designated by the school authorities. Teachers and principals should visit the pupils' homes in the performance of their educational obligations to circumvent truancy, to quarantine cases of suspected disease, and to consult parents in their children's interests. The results of such visits, when unsatisfactory or otherwise noteworthy, are reported in writing to the proper authorities.

Tuition for non-residents shall be as follows: High School, \$120 per year. Grammar Grades, \$50 per year. Primary Grades, \$25 per year.



JANITORS.

To be in building at 7 A. M., or as much earlier as may be necessary to have the building ready for school, and to remain as long as there are teachers or pupils in the building, except that a janitor shall not be requested to remain later than six o'clock. The lunch period of the janitor will be arranged with the principal.

To take charge of the buildings during noon hour except when otherwise arranged with the principal.

To leave the buildings during school hours only with consent of the principals.

To sweep every room and hall every afternoon.

To empty all waste baskets every day.

To dust every room every morning before 8:30.

To clean thoroughly every blackboard once a week.

To clean every window inside and out three times each year.

To rake the yards and to keep them clean.

To keep the lawns mowed.

To clear the sidewalks immediately after snowfall.

To fill all inkwells once a week and to clean them every fourth Saturday.

To visit each building in the care of the heating as late at night and as early in the morning as is found necessary to get the rooms heated properly before the opening of school.

To report pupils to principals for discipline when necessary.

To allow no pupils in or about the buildings until 20 minutes before the opening of school and after school has been closed for a half hour, unless accompanied by teachers, except in cases of extreme cold or storm and except when games are being conducted on the basketball courts.

To allow no loitering of pupils or others in groups about the grounds at any time, but to allow playing as instructed by the principal.

In bad weather the janitors may open the doors twenty minutes earlier than the usual time.

To make repairs at the request of principals.

To report all needed supplies to the principals in good season.

In addition to observing the above duties a janitor is at all times to consider himself under the general direction of the Principal of the building and the Superintendent of Schools.

CALENDAR FOR 1923-1924.

FIRST TERM:

Begins Wednesday, September 5, 1923. Ends Friday, December 23, 1923.

SECOND TERM:

Begins Thursday, January 3, 1924. Ends Friday, March 28, 1924.

THIRD TERM:

Begins Monday, April 7, 1924. Ends Wednesday, June 25, 1924.

LIST OF GRADUATES.

HIGH SCHOOL-JANUARY, 1923.

Morris J. Abend Harrison W. Allen Walter Leonard Anderson William M. Anthony Arthur J. Ball, Jr. Leon W. Bowen John F. Cort Fred Brewer Cort James Glenn Doyle Ernst H. Drever Mahlon Oliver Earle William L. Gloeckner Arthur Henry Hansen William F. Hildebrandt C. Forrest Lamb C. Rodney Lehigh Augustine F. Mulligan Joseph W. Obreiter, Ir. George J. Roth Samuel Rubenstein Maurice H. Samuels William Harold Sutherland James H. Van Loon, Jr. Edward J. Van Gieson

Howard George Weden Samuel Charles Zeller Robina Elizabeth Banks Helen Blonvelt Bogart Elizabeth Covert Bowne Anna Mae Edwards Bertha A. Feitner Rose Garlock Dennalla Newman Hoyt Lisa Constance Johnson Frances Adelia Keene Helena Anna Kolb Esther Theresa Krohn Myrtle Roseana Loesch Edith Grace McClurg Ellen Fern Neuschaefer Ruth M. Plambeck Isabel Innes Pomerov Dorothy G. Rassbach Gertrude Jean Shafer Ethel H. Sharp Dorothy A. Smith Margaret Wright Speiden Ethel Harriet Stockton

Gertrude Jeannette Taylor

CERTIFICATES

Dudley E. Jacobus Donald Hance Penn William W. Knipe Edward John Wolcott Marie Isabel Farrand Pearl Elizabeth Wolcott

HONOR STUDENTS

Lisa Constance Johnson

Augustine F. Mulligan Edith Grace McClurg Rose Garlock Helen Blonvelt Bogart

HIGH SCHOOL, JUNE, 1923.

Frank M. Glander Henry John Heydt Russell Fern Hopkins Francis William Ingalls Percy Vivian Jones Dudley Eden Jacobus Jennie Harrison Marie Hall Lockie Holt Ingle Gertrude C. Kohler Mary Virginia McNeely Eulalie Martha Mayo

William W. Knipe Noel B. McLean Sydney R. Merlin

Herman Harvey Silverman Patrick J. Sheil

Frederick B. Woodworth

James R. Wylie Theodore Thomas Yasko

Ruth M. Crampton

Dorothy Howlands Meeker Dorothy May Reynolds Helen Sylvia Snyder Jean Hendric Smith Mildred B. Turnbull Beatrice Lillian Vogelius Gwendolyn McIntyre Walker

May E. Weber Elsie Ruth Wilson

Pearl E. Wolcott CERTIFICATES

Lillian Leonard

Dorothy Sands

Margaret Reid

HONOR STUDENTS

Dorothy Howlands Meeker

Lockie Holt Ingle Marie Hall

Beatrice Lillian Vogelius

Jennie Harrison

HIGH SCHOOL PUPILS HAVING PERFECT ATTENDANCE FOR HALF-YEAR ENDING JANUARY, 1923.

Thomas Adubato Keturah Angstadt Elsie Anthony Walter Anderson William Anthony Mildred Adlon William Branch Della Bryce Alene Bell Elizabeth Bowne Ruth Becht Thomas Bolton Constance Cornwall Concettina Caruso George Cort Louise Carrell Harry Cox

Edna Cunliffe

Dorothy Colvin

Ruth Crampton

William Carlucci

Kenneth Catlin

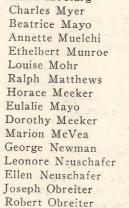
Clark Christine

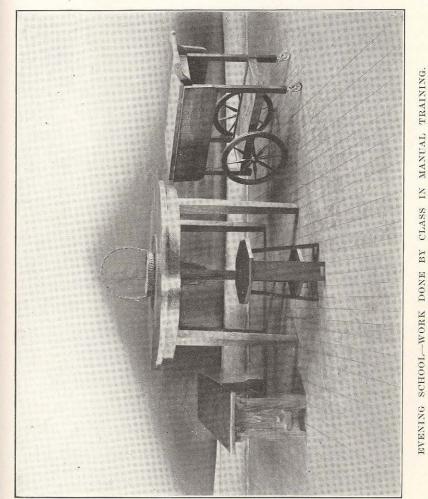
Nettie Darling

Aurie Dunlap

George Lauffer Wallace Lott Helen Lombard Elizabeth Ludlum Helen Levandoski Clifford Lawrence Gladys Leonard John Lobel Edith McClurg Charles Myer Beatrice Mayo Annette Muelchi Ethelbert Munroe Louise Mohr Ralph Matthews Horace Meeker Eulalie Mayo Dorothy Meeker Marion McVea George Newman Leonore Neuschafer Ellen Neuschafer

John O'Leary





Marion Darling Martha Davenport Jennie De Santo Hilda Dirner Beatrice Dixon Dorothy Egan Harold Edden Anna Mae Edwards Paul Fare Margeurite Fenstermacher LeRoy Fletcher George Fornoff Lewis Farro Robert Forsyth Herbert Fisher Howard Gibson Joseph Green Joseph Gentile George Heath Norman Hevl Myrtle Hollenback Philip Hemeleski William Henderson Wilhelmina Hildebrandt Josephine Hall Myra Herder Dorothy Heath Marie Hall Jennie Harrison Charles Hustler William Kerlin George Kern Raymond Kievit Ralph Kopf Marion Kinkel Howard Kopf

Marion Perkins William Porzer Ruth Plambeck John Ruvo Ruth Ratcliffe Lisa Roos Charles Schoonmaker Mary Smith Leroy Spangenburg Helen Senior Loretta Sommerack Warren Schoner Margaret Speiden Paul Scheiber Margaret Smith Helene Slawinski Betty Schoonmaker Marjorie Smith Anthony Sanok Charles Somers Hilda Sarvent Alma Sempf Edith Smith Lauren Tuttle Gertrude Taylor Elizabeth Van Wagoner Selma Weidele Helen Weiss Edgar Weidele Theron Williams Alice Weiss Frederick Woodworth Maxine Weichert Virginia Young Helen Zawistowski Sigmund Zega Charles Zalenski

HIGH SCHOOL PUPILS HAVING PERFECT ATTENDANCE FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDING JUNE, 1923.

Thomas Adubato Elsie Anthony William Askin Frieda Aue Ida Baehr

Jack Lowery

Mildred Laird

Elizabeth Ludlum Helen MacDonald Ruth McKee Paul McAlpine Marion McVea

John F. Ballamy Donald Benjamin William Branch Doris Burnet Concettina Caruso Louise Carrel William Carlucci Howard Carter Kenneth Catlin Clark Christine Wanda Cieslinski Ruth Crampton Helen Courter Francis Delfosse Jennie Desanto Hilda Dirner Beatrice Dixon Edith Dval Harold Edden Gilbert Evans Marguerite Fenstermacher

Marguerite Fensterman Herbert Fisher LeRoy Fletcher Margaretta Forrest Mamie M. Foran Robert Forsyth Gertrude Friedlander Francis Fuerst Marion Fyfe Fred Fiore Ida Garlock Bessie Garlock Joseph Gentile

Howard Gibson
Charles Green
Joseph Green
Josephine Hall
Marie Hall
Henry Hambacher
Alice Hanley
Jennie Harrison
Irene Heckel
Elmer Helwig
Philip Hemeleski
William Henderson

Eulalie Mayo Beatrice Mayo Dorothy Meeker Elliott Metcalfe Alfred Miller Edgar B. Mitchel Kenneth Michens Helen Morgan Louise Mohr Kathryn Moore Annette Muelchi Charles Myer George Newman John O'Leary Elizabeth Oros Marion Perkins Margaret Persson Edward Pierson Caroline Pieper William Porzer Herbert Price Nathan Ram Edward Riorden Lisa Roos Mary Rozewski Manuel Schafer Winifred Schoner Warren Schoner Charles Schoonmaker Mildred Schreiber Paul Schreiber Wilber Schreiber Frieda Schubert Alma Sempf Marion Senior John Shaul Harriet Simmons Caroline Singman Edith Smith Elizabeth Smith Mary Smith Helen Snyder Leonard Snyder Charles Somers

Leroy Spangenburg

Wilhelmina Hildebrandt Myrtle Hollenback Caroline Hopper Earl Howland James Howard Edward Hughes Dorothy Hutson Florence James John Johnson Loretta Kenny William Kerlin George Kern Marion Kinkel Ruth Kopf Ruth Kymer George Lauffer Clifford Lawrence Donald Leith Helen Levandoski John Lobel

Wallace Lott

Helen Toennies Norman Tuttle Robert Van Doren Nettie Van Grosky Edward Van Winkle Robert Webber Maxine Weichert Selma Weidele Edgar Weidele Helen Weiss Alice Weiss John Wrigley Frederick Woodworth Henry Yasko Virginia Young Grace Young Helen Zawistowski Sigmund Zega Ernest A. Zeim Charles Zalenski

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES BY YEARS.

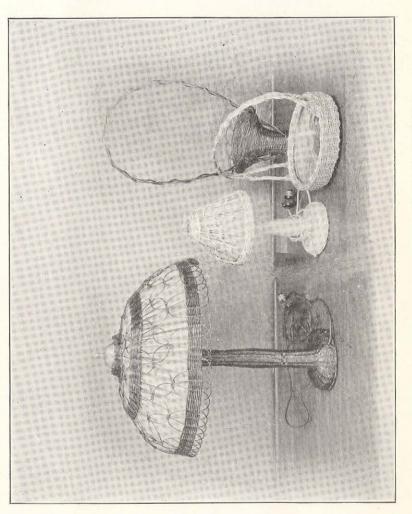
Year	Diplomas	Year	Diplomas	Year	Diploma	S
1876	11	1892	12	1908		
1877	5	1893	18	1909	25	
1878	5	1894	10	1910	14	
1879	2	1895	15	1911	20	
1880	No record	1896	12	1912	30	
1881	No record	1897		1913		
1882	No record	1898	8	1914	57	
1883	6	. 1899	12	1915	56	
1884	12	1900	9	1916		
1885	8	1901	18	1917	53	
1886	4	1902	13	1918	63	
1887	13	1903		1919	53	
4000	9	1904	17	1920	63	
1889	10	1905	10	1921	77	
1890	6	1906	19	1922	55	
1891	15	1907	17	1923	80	

LIST OF GRADUATES. PARK SCHOOL—JANUARY, 1923.

Sidney Abramowitch Yetta E. Abramson Agnes Acken William M. Anderson Frieda M. Aue Ida Baehr Ernest A. Barker, Jr. Edwin W. Barmore John F. Ballamy Doris P. Berger Edna M. Bohr Donald M. Berges Alan G. Branigan James V. Caruso Lillian N. Carlson Herman Caplan Alice E. Campbell Helen F. Caulfield Theodore L. Chandler Wanda Cieslinski Charles Clayton Wilford M. Clapp Madeline K. Cook E. Helen Courter Josephine R. Donnerwicz Charles E. Duncan Jean H. Duncan Frederick B. Dunn Irma D. Ellor Robert Ferguson Cornelia Ferguson Mabel V. Fitzgerald Mamie M. Foran James H. Foster Anna M. Fuller Marion L. Fyfe Lucy M. Gasparini Howard M. Gibson Charles J. Ginsberg May E. Griffin Eleanor L. Grogan Catherine Gordon

Henry M. Hambacher

Henrietta M. Lohse Dorothy Machette William J. Matthews Viola M. Meeker Elliott C. Metcalfe George E. Missbach Harry O. Miller Edgar B. Mitchell Frances M. Moser Pierre de la Motto William J. Newbolt Geraldine E. Oakes Jacob Olman Dorothy R. Parizot Elvira E. Pohl Juanita H. Poland Margaret A. Pensons Edward L. Pierson Willard L. Quimby Anthony Recenella Eleanor E. Richardson Kathleen E. Riggs Kenneth W. Robertson Amelia Romanowski Grace C. Rosenberger Mary Rozewski Gertrude F. Sanok George I. Sanok Charles D. Sands Estelle H. Schafer Manuel I. Schafer Milton H. Scherr Bertha S. Schulger Winifred H. Schoner Mildred E. Schreiber Parker W. Shannor Ruth Shawcross Martha Sklower Julia A. Simmons Harriet S. Simmons Victoria H. Sitko Bertha Silverman Christine Singman



Louis Hetzel Marguerite M. Higgins Evelyn B. Hobbs Marion L. Hoffman Caroline E. Hopper Ethel M. Hower Frank W. Hower Lewis J. Hutchings Louise M. Jacobs Florence M. Jacobus Edward Jaeger Irving L. Jailer John W. Johnston Harry F. Kelly Douglas H. Kelly Ruth F. Kopf E. Ruth Kymer Ruth Landow Donald G. Leith Andrew T. Loebel Anna Loesch

Helen W. Speiden Mildred C. Spatz Victoria L. Sobraski Violet K. Stoever Lena R. Sullivan Joseph Sullivan Norman I. Tuttle Helen E. Toennies Nettie Vangrosky Anna G. Waldron Mabel M. Waltenberg Clifford Weber Robert W. Webber Jack F. Weinseimer James S. Wilson Hattie M. Winn Harriett E. Whitmore John R. Wood Henry J. Yasko Ernest A. Zeim Josephine Zbikowski

HONOR ROLL.

First	Ernest A. Barker, Jr.
	E. Helen Courter
Third	Mildred E, Schreiber
Fourth	Helen E. Toennies
Fifth	Helen F. Caulfield
Sixth	Wanda Cieslinski

PARK SCHOOL-JUNE 26, 1923.

Alice E. Ashcroft
Marion C. Audsley
Florence M. Babbitt
Mathilda M. Baehr
Stanford S. Baldwin
Muriel M. Barnes
George M. Beach
Violet E. Boehme
Helen E. Bramberger
Manuel Braune
Charles Brink
Celina J. Caulfield
Dorothy I. Cook
L. Myrtle Cranse

Miriam E. Krohn
May Kunz
Florence E. Leiss
Edward R. Lender
Cecilia G. Macey
Robert McKay
Richard W. Magwood
Waldemar E. Maigren
William G. Moore
Ferdinand F. Moormann
Joseph J. Moormann
Evelyn L. Morris
Lillian E. Navel
John B. Officer

Leonard Curto Paul K. Daland Grace Darling Lillian I. Decker Americo D. De Santis Irma Dirner Evelyn V. Dowd James J. Doyle William R. Dunlap G. Katherine Dunlap Jean B. Egan Anna W. Ellor Elizabeth Ertel Franzon H. Ervin Hilda Evans S. Oram Farrand Edna M. Ferguson Mildred R. Fornoff Marion E. Foster Evelyn Garlock Harry C. Garry John W. Gist Edythe M. Gordon Bertha M. Green Helen K. Gruchacz George F. Hager Anna D. Helme Edward W. Hemmer Muriel V. Higgins Earl Hiller Anna L. Hold Margaret C. Johnson Richard Johnson Robert S. Johnson Morris E. Karosen Alfred P. Kent Mathilde Klaz Carl J. Klumb

Gertrude J. Knipe

Royal W. Olsen Owen A. Pathe Salvatore D. Penticoste John S. Peterson Thadea D. Plambeck Marion Post Margaret H. Prest George B. Preston Agatha M. Reichman Louis F. Reichmann Clara V. Reinicke Thomas Rogers Alfred E. Ronk Charlotte M. Salinger Ruth P. Samuels Madeline G. Sanger Margaret H. Selkirk Grace D. Sempier Norman K. Sewall Harry Silverstein Margaret S. Sinclair Stanley E. Skorupski Sam Sklower Howard A. Smith Josephine C. Smith Kathleen E. Smith Maurice B. Spellane Michael C. Speni Anna E. Stokes Lillian R. Tonjis James A. Turnbull William J. Ungemah Irene Van Wickel William C. Von Rhein William H. Wadsten Louise M. Waechter Alicia M. Waskiewicz O. Eudora Welker Thelma L. Williams

Joseph C. Wronski

HONOR ROLL.

First	Anna E. Stokes
Second	
Third	George F. Hager
Fourth	Harry C. Garry
Fifth	May Kunz
Sixth	Marion Post
Seventh	Gertrude Knipe

PARK SCHOOL PUPILS HAVING PERFECT ATTENDANCE FOR THE YEAR 1922-1923.

Florence Babbitt
Dorothy Cook
Elizabeth Ertel
George Hager
May Kunz
Carl Klumb
Evelyn Morris
Owen Pathe
Clara Reinicke
Margaret Selkirk
Margaret Sinclair
Stanley Skorupski
Anna Stokes

Elizabeth Benesch
Gladys Chatterton
Kenneth Garrabrant
Howard Jaeger
Chester Koshinski
Mildred Mathews
Mary Ramako
Edward Musielski
Raymond Weidele
Arthur Pastor
Joseph Piombino
Eileen Porzer
William Ruyo

Paul Roake

ELEMENTARY PUPILS HAVING PERFECT ATTENDANCE RECORDS FOR THE YEAR 1922-1923. BERKELEY SCHOOL—No. 2.

Byron Berthelson Helen Berthelson June Berthelson Isabelle Birmie Andrew Bressoud Marcelle Bressond Alton Cook Margaret Doyle Kenneth Hustler Leon Karas Rose Kerrian Harry Knapp Arthur Lewis George McKeon Ruth Miller Joe Mon

Harold Perkins Nicholas Ugharlo Raymond Ward May Watson

BROOKSIDE SCHOOL-No. 3.

Joseph Carlucci Stella Cinkewicz Earl Courter Erika Dittrich Helen Jagacinski Theodore Jarmusey Stanley Kolbacky Arthur Mazzachelli

Helen Dobkowski	Leslie Pastor
Edmund Gruchacz	Emma Pope
Stanley Gruchacz	Joseph Rawson
Julia Ginter	Stella Roskowski
Anna Hager	George Timko
Edna Holmes	Walter Voorhees
Marjorie Hooley	Anna Zawish
Robert Hopper	Rose Zawish

CENTER SCHOOL-No. 4.

Marion Carter	Daniel Kusiw	
Fred Claridge	Hope Lent	
Arthur Cosgrove	Rose Piombino	
Albert Frosberg	Jennie Porcelli	
Leo Gibbons	Stephen Ward	

BROOKDALE SCHOOL-No. 5.

Arthur Garrabrant	Charlotte Helwig
Edith Garrabrant	Edna Marzloff
1144	The same of the sa

Albert Nagy

CARTERET SCHOOL-No. 6.

Janet Clarkson	Harold Lee
Joe Cassale	James Marchione
Rose Corolla	Christy Pentecost
Patsy Caltigirone	Willard Roberts
Rosalina Galioto	Juanita Sherry

Joseph Watson.

FAIRVIEW SCHOOL—No. 7.

Florence Balmforth	Irving Lewis
Elsie Barmore	Kenneth Leith
Max Bruche	Harry Milbank
Eileen Bruche	Howard Meyer
Helen Conklin	Mary Newboult
Wesley Corby	Joseph Richinelli
Emily Cunard	Anteinette Sanok
Ella Curren	Frank Sanok
Doris Durboraw	Wallace Somers
Margaret Durboraw	Joseph Stravala
Berlin Fredericks	Edward Tuttle
Ruth Fulcher	Ruth Tuttle
William Glass	John Tuttle
Julia Goursky	Mildred Weiss
Irma Griffith	Reginald Walrath
Katherine Hildebrandt	Ellen Williams
Werner Helstrom	Edward Wilson
Margar	et Zink

Margaret Zink

WATSESSING SCHOOL-No. 8.

Roland Stonaker
Alice Wassel
Dorothy Wilhelm
Theodore Wilhelm
Florence Zalenski

TEACHERS, 1922-1923.

HIGH SCHOOL-No. 1.

(Broad Street and Belleville Avenue.)

Edgar S Stover	Vice-Principal
	English
	English
	English
	English and Elocution
	English, History, Arithmetic
	Library and English
	Spanish and English
	Latin
	Latin
	French
Elsa D. Schubert	Algebra and French
James P. Haupin	Mathematics
Harry R. Koehler	Mathematics
Olive M. Terhune	Mathematics
Fred L. Andrus	
Fern A. Dickerson	Science
Jessie M. De Hart	Science
Orton R. Smiley	Science
Otto J. Walrath	Science
Jerome C. Salsbury	History
Max Klein	Civics and Geography
Harry T. Thorpe	Commercial
1.00	
The state of the s	Gymnasium
	Teacher Clerk

BERKELEY SCHOOL-No. 2.

(Bloomfield Avenue.)

William B.	Hargrove	Principal
F. Annette	Whitney	Sixth Grade

Elizabeth B. Dwelle	Sixth Grade
Stella M. Sheets	
Beatrice I. Loughlin	
Lydia E. Schwenk	Fourth Grade
Helen B. Aspell	
Mary Conners	Third Grade
Gladys R. Barry	Third Grade
Frances Van Woert	Second Grade
Helen M. Booth	
Flora T. Dann-	First Grade
Ethel M. Howlett	First Grade
Eunice P. Barnes	2024 124 124
Mildred C. Nicholson	Kindergarten
Hazel M. Brown	
Norma A. Moore	
Lillian A. Smith	
Stephen Chamberlain	Special Class

BROOKSIDE SCHOOL—No. 3.

(Essex Avenue and Baldwin Street.)

L. Arvilla Martin	Principal
Wilhelmina J. Kentner	
Edith M. Albinson.	Sixth Grade
Mary M. Woodbury	
Grace Brumbaugh	Fifth Grade
Coral Binning	
Mabel G. Padgham	
Margaret E. Klein	Fourth Grade
Mary C. Murphy	Fourth Grade
Grace R. Fisk	Third Grade
Mary E. Williams	Third Grade
Frances M. Slater.	
Marion Schneider	Second Grade
Marion E. Martin	
Grace Upcraft	Second Grade
Margaret S. Rodgers	First Grade
Esta G. Decker	First Grade
Edith A. Elmendorf	First Grade
Margheretta A. Scott	
Anna Feist	Kindergarten
Jeannette M. Higgins	Kindergarten
Ottilie E. Loschnitz	
Iva G. Parker	
Olga B. Atchison	

CENTER SCHOOL—No. 4.

(Liberty Street.)

Elizabeth Otis	Principal
Emma E. Stevenson	
Clara V. Farber	Sixth Grade
E. Pearl Palmer.	Sixth Grade
Clara A, Cruickshank	Fifth Grade
Aline E, Beck	Fifth Grade
E. Katherine Dimick	Fourth Grade
Ethel H. Scharrer	Fourth Grade
Mary E. Lawrence	
Emily L. BenoitSecond	d and Third Grades
Grace C. Chandler	Second Grade
Stella H. Smith	First Grade
Alice Norbury	
Alice E. Bailey	Kindergarten

BROOKDALE SCHOOL—No. 5.

(Upper Broad Street.)

Wray E. Sexton	Principal and Seventh Grade
Emma F. Ward	Fifth and Sixth Grades
Hazel K. Morris	Third and Fourth Grades
Vera M. Crist	First and Second Grades
	Kindergarten

CARTERET SCHOOL-No. 6.

(Grove Street.)

Charles V. Wolverton	Principal
Beatrice B. Wainwright	
Minnie B. Aue	
Mary C. Broadwell	
Ethel C. Alabran	
Vera C. Lamb	First Grade
Beatrice R. Williams	First Grade
Eleanor J. Durr	Kindergarten
H. Leona Smith	Kindergarten

FAIRVIEW SCHOOL-No. 7.

(Montgomery Street.)

Fred S. Bush	Principal
Frank J. Allen	
Gurney Matteson	Seventh Grade
Ruth Aileen Gifford	Seventh Grade
Elizabeth A. Sterling	Sixth Grade
Mabel Ackroyd	Sixth Grade
Claire I. Lavery	Fifth Grade

Ruth M. Ashbey	Fifth Grade
Edith E. Thomas	
Lulu M. Aspell	Fourth Grade
Eileen McCarthy	
Clara E. Burd	Third Grade
Beatrice M. Wood	Second Grade
Caroline W. Soutar	
Ida E. Birdsal	First Grade
Kate B. Haupin	
Ruth V. Pratt	Kindergarten
Mildred V. Jenkins	Kindergarten
Mildred C. Stone	
Esther Berely	Kindergarten

WATSESSING SCHOOL-No. 8.

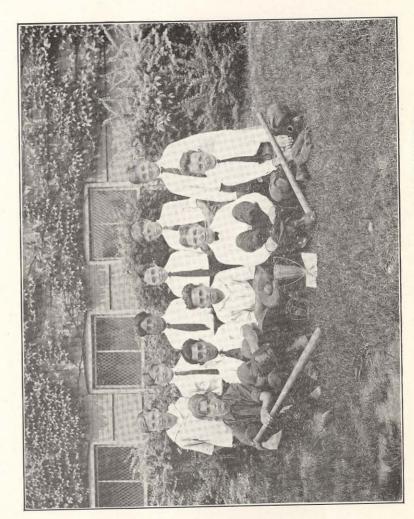
(Prospect Street.)

Anna S. Agnew	Principal
William H. Sampson	
Eva E. Adair.	
Martha C. Raub	Seventh Grade
Elizabeth A. Terry	
Caroline M. Bliven	
E. May Colfax	
Mildred M. Wyker	
Marie Biggart	
Mabel E. Deuel	
Charlotte M. Quimby	
Marion B. Robinson	
Ruth E. Struble	
Madeline M. Noll	
M. Estelle Dodd	
Elizabeth D. Clarke	
Helen A. Morris	
Nellie V. Harvey	
Esther L. Robinson	
Dorothy Roake	

PARK SCHOOL-No. 9.

(Belleville Avenue, near Broad Street.)

Joseph C. Wilson	Principal
Grace E. Jones	and the second
Mabelle C. Howard	Eighth Grade
Edith L. Beatty	
Anna Van Dyke	Fighth Cand.
Delaphine Keeler	Eighth Grade



Mary J. Sloat	Seventh Grade
Florence J. Bailer	Music—Seventh Grade
Adelaide M. Reeder	Seventh Grade
Jane M. Dunlap	Seventh Grade
OPPORTUNITY S	SCHOOL.
(279 Glenwood A	venue.)
Maude L. Tuller	Special Class
Janet Duym	Special Class
SUPERVIS	SORS
Ida E. Robinson	
Pauline Hatch	Training Flomentary Grades
S. Frederick Smith	
A. Garside Pennell	Agriculture
The Garage Permentage	and the second s
ART DEPARTI	MENT.
E. Ruth Palmer	Director
Anna P. Thomas	Assistant
Lorena E. Babbitt	
Anna M. Croll	
Mary V. Bostwick	Assistant
HOUSEHOLD ARTS D	EPARTMENT.
Clara E. Schauffler	Director
Clara N. Sutton	
Bertha G. Drisko	Assistant
MANUAL TRAINING D	EDADTMENT
Albert F. Koehler	
Vivian H. Cady	
Michael Frate Lewis D. Grabow	
Lewis D. Grabow	Assistant
MEDICAL INSPE	ECTION.
Dr. Arthur G. Pilch	Medical Inspector
Mary McGovern	School Nurse
Margaret Niles	Nutrition Worker

SECRETARY TO SUPERINTENDENT.

Jennie R. Weller.

ATTENDANCE OFFICER. Frank W. Zeidler.

BUILDINGS AND REPAIRS.

C. E. Conner.

BLOOMFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL BOOK LIST.

TEXT-BOOKS FOR ELEMENTARY GRADES.

1923-1924.

Readers:

Accorded to 1	
The Standard Literature Series	Newson & Co.
Stories of the Red Children	Educational Publishing Co.
Treasure Island	D. C. Heath & Co.
Sure Pop and the Safety Scouts	World Book Co.
Peters and Brumbaugh Reader Series	
Safety First for Little Folks	
Story Steps	
Arlo	
Progressive Road to Reading Series	
Sunbonnet Babies	
Overall Boys	
King Arthur and His Knights	
Robin Hood and His Merry Men	
Hiawatha Primer	
The Summer's Reader Series	
The Dutch Twins.	Houghton, Mifflin Co.
Baldwin and Bender Reader Series	
Peter and Polly Series	
Dramatic Reader for Lower Grades	
Dramatic Reader for Grammar Grades.	
Story-Hour Reader Series	
A Child's Robinson Crusoe	
Elson-School Reader Series	
Riverside Literature Series	
Work-a-day Doings on the Farm	
Horace Mann Reader Series	
Kipling Reader Series	
Peter Pan	
Bolenius, Boys' and Girls' Series	
Industrial and Social History Series	
Story of Hiawatha	
Kendall Reader Series	
A Watcher in the Woods	Century Co.
A Man without a Country	
Bunny Rabbitt's Diary Reader	
Hide and Seek in Forest Land	
New Barnes Reader Series	
Standard Classic Reader Series	
Children's Method Reader Series	
The Silent Reader Series	
The bliefit feeder belief	The second control of

The Winston Reader Series	John C. Winston Co.
Travel of Birds	Appleton & Co.
Hanny Tack	Little, Brown & Co.
Little Boy Blue and His Friends	Little, Brown & Co.
Wheeler's Graded Literature Series	W. H. Wheeler & Co.
Modern Readings Series	D. C. Heath Co.
Geography Books:	
Practical Exercises in Geography	Silver, Burdett & Co.
Home Geography for Primary GradesEduc	ational Publishing Co.
Brigham & McFarlane-Essentials of Geograp	hy Series,
	American Book Co.
Deane's Geography of New Jersey	Silver, Burdett & Co.
Morris' Industrial and Commercial Geography.	Lippincott & Co.
Haaren's First Notions of Geography	D. C. Heath & Co.
Home and World Series	
A Brief Geography of EuropeHind	ls. Havden & Eldredge
Carpenter's Geographical Readers	American Book Co.
Carroll's Around the World Series	Silver, Burdett & Co.
Winslow's Geography Series	D. C. Heath & Co.
Human Geography Series	I C Winston Co.
Human Geography Series	J. C. 11
History Books:	
Barnes Elementary	American Book Co.
Montgomery's Leading Facts	Ginn & Co.
Thwaits & Kendall—History of the United Sta	tes.
Inwaits & Rendan Thistory of the	Houghton, Mifflin Co.
Bourne & Benton-Introduction to American	History,
Bourne & Benton—Introduction to	D. C. Heath & Co.
Our Ancestors	Silver, Burdett & Co.
Builders of Our Country	Appleton & Co.
Our United States	Silver, Burdett & Co.
Otis' Colonial Series	American Book Co.
Our Country's Call to Service	Scott-Foresman Co.
Founders of Freedom in America	Hinds Hayden & Co.
Founders of Freedom in America	
Civics Books:	
Dunn's Community and the Citizen	D. C. Heath & Co.
Nida's City, State and Nation	Macmillan Co.
Our Community Civics	I. C. Winston Co.
Our Community Civics	
Physiology and Hygiene:	
Conn's Series	Silver, Burdett & Co.
Writing Books:	
Writing Books:	A M Bolman Co.
Palmer System of Writing	A. N. Palmer Co.
Lister's Muscular Movement Writing	Macmillan Co.

Arithmetic Books:	
Brook's Mental Arithmetic	
Milne's Standard Arithmetic	
Hamilton's School Arithmetic Series	American Book Co.
Arithmetic by Grades	nds, Hayden & Eldredge Co.
Arithmetic without Pencil	
Everyday Arithmetic	
Bookkeeping:	
Metropolitan System of Booking	Metropolitan Book Co
Primary Bookkeeping Sets	
	1 40.00.00
English:	C1
Higher Lessons in English	
Progressive Composition Lesson Series	
Vital English	
English Composition	
Essentials in English	
Everyday English Composition	American Book Co.
Spellers:	
Barnes' New Speller	
Essential of Spelling	
Test and Study Speller	Silver, Burdett & Co.
Dictionary:	
Webster's	American Book Co.
Concise Standard	Funk & Wagnalls Co.
Winston Simplified	J. C. Winston Co.

HIGH SCHOOL TEXTS, 1923-1924.

English:

26
Halleck's History of English LiteratureAmerican Book Co.
Halleck's History of American Literature American Book Co.
Painter's Introduction to American LiteratureSibley & Co.
From Chaucer to Arnold
Vision of Sir Launfal—LowellLongmans, Green & Co.
Law's English for Immediate Use
Cohen's One-Act Plays by Modern AuthorsHarcourt Brace Co.
Modern Essays-Christopher Morley
Theme Building by C. H. WardScott, Foresman & Co.
Practical English for High School, by Lewis & Hosic,

	American Book Co.
Brook's English Composition I and II	American Book Co.
Woolley's Handbook of Composition	D. C. Heath & Co.
Chew's Practical High School Speller	Allyn & Bacon Go.
Oregon Trail	Ginn & Co.
Quentin Durward	Ginn & Co.

Silas Marner	The Macmillan Co.
Odyssey	Merrill & Co.
Sir Roger de Coverly Papers	Sanborn & Co.
Heydrick's Types of the Short Story	Scott-Foresman & Co.
Franklin's Autobiography	The Macmillan Co.
Burke's Speech on Conciliation	Longmans & Co.
Gauss' Democracy To-day	Scott-Foresman Co.
Macaulay's Life of Johnson	
Carlyle's Essay on Burns	Sanborn & Co.
Irving's Life of Goldsmith	Ginn & Co.
Selections from Lincoln	Longmans & Co.
Washington's Farewell Address and Webste	er's Bunker Hill Oration,
17 40 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	American Book Co.
Julius Caesar	H. Holt & Co.
Macbeth	Merrill & Co.
Merchant of Venice	Merrill & Co.
Midsummer Night's Dream	Silver, Burdett & Co.
As You Like It	H. Holt & Co.
Arnold's Sorab and Rustum	Longmans, Green & Co.
Milton's Minor Poems	The Macmillan Co.
Robert Browning's Poems	H. Holt & Co.
Goldsmith's Deserted Village	The Macmillan Co.
Coleridge's Ancient Mariner	Sibley & Co.
Idylls of the King	
Democracy To-day	Scott-Foresman Co.
Democracy 10 day	
Latin:	
First Year Latin-Collar & Daniel	Ginn & Co.
D'Ooge's Cicero	Sanborn & Co.

First Year Latin-Collar & Daniel	Ginn & Co.
D'Ooge's Cicero	Sanborn & Co.
Knapp's Virgil	Ginn & Co.
Allen and Greenough's Latin Grammar	Ginn & Co.
Allen and Phillip's Latin Prose	Allyn & Bacon
Bennett's Latin Grammar	Allyn & Bacon
Gunnison and Harley's Caesar	Silver, Burdett & Co.
Place's Beginning Latin	American Book Co.

French Texts:

A First Cause in French-Downer & Kn	ickerbockerAppleton Co.
Bazin's Les oberle	Henry Holt Co.
Daudet's Le petit chase	Henry Holt Co.
French Short Stories-Buffum.	Henry Holt Co.
Fraser & Squair's French Grammar	Ginn & Co.
Bruce's Grammaire Française	D. C. Heath & Co.
Snow and Lebon's Easy French	D. C. Heath & Co.
Simple French by François & Giroud	H. Holt & Co.
Short Stories for Oral French by Ballar	dScribner & Sons

Merimee's Colomba	D. C. Heath & Co.
Racine's Esther	
Le Bourgeois Gentilhomme	
Pecheur de Island	Ginn & Co.
Le Voyage de Monsieur Perrichon	H. Holt & Co.
Francois' Introductory French Composition	
French Composition—Carnahan	D. C. Heath & Co.
West Point	
Elements of French-Moore & Allen	
Francois Advanced Prose Composition	American Book Co.
Dumas' La Tulioe Noire	D. C. Heath & Co.
Corncille's Le Cid	D. C. Heath & Co.
Spanish Text:	
De Vitis' Spanish Grammar	Allyn & Bacon
Hall's All-Spanish Method	World Book Co,
Alarcon's Novelas Cortes	
Waxman's A Trip to South America	
Spanish Commercial Correspondence	D. C. Heath & Co.
El Espanol Commercial	
Elementos de Espanol	
Espana pintoresca, by C. Marcial Dorado	
THE	Allren & Bacon
El pajora Verde, by Valera	Triyii & Dacoii
History:	
History:	D. C. Heath & Co.
History: Webster's Ancient History Modern Europe—Hazen Our Economic Organization—Marshall & Lyon	D. C. Heath & Co. Henry Holt Co. MacMillan Co.
History: Webster's Ancient History Modern Europe—Hazen Our Economic Organization—Marshall & Lyon Muzzey's American History—Revised Edition	D. C. Heath & Co. Henry Holt Co. MacMillan Co. Ginn & Co.
History: Webster's Ancient History Modern Europe—Hazen Our Economic Organization—Marshall & Lyon Muzzey's American History—Revised Edition Community Life and Civic Problems, by Hill	D. C. Heath & Co. Henry Holt Co. MacMillan Co. Ginn & Co. Ginn & Co.
History: Webster's Ancient History Modern Europe—Hazen Our Economic Organization—Marshall & Lyon Muzzey's American History—Revised Edition	D. C. Heath & Co. Henry Holt Co. MacMillan Co. Ginn & Co. Ginn & Co.
History: Webster's Ancient History Modern Europe—Hazen Our Economic Organization—Marshall & Lyon Muzzey's American History—Revised Edition Community Life and Civic Problems, by Hill	D. C. Heath & Co. Henry Holt Co. MacMillan Co. Ginn & Co. Ginn & Co.
History: Webster's Ancient History	D. C. Heath & Co. Henry Holt Co. MacMillan Co. Ginn & Co. Ginn & Co. Allyn & Bacon American Book Co.
History: Webster's Ancient History Modern Europe—Hazen Our Economic Organization—Marshall & Lyon Muzzey's American History—Revised Edition Community Life and Civic Problems, by Hill Community Civics, by Hughes Mathematics: Milne's Standard Algebra Wells' Algebra for Secondary Schools	D. C. Heath & Co. Henry Holt Co. MacMillan Co. Ginn & Co. Ginn & Co. Allyn & Bacon American Book Co. D. C. Heath & Co.
History: Webster's Ancient History	D. C, Heath & Co. Henry Holt Co. MacMillan Co. Ginn & Co. Ginn & Co. Allyn & Bacon American Book Co. D. C. Heath & Co. Sanborn & Co.
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History: Webster's Ancient History Modern Europe—Hazen Our Economic Organization—Marshall & Lyon Muzzey's American History—Revised Edition Community Life and Civic Problems, by Hill Community Civics, by Hughes Mathematics: Milne's Standard Algebra Wells' Algebra for Secondary Schools. Stone-Millis Plane Geometry Wentworth-Smith Plane Wentworth Plane and Solid Geometry Granville's Trigonometry Wells' College Algebra Science:	D. C. Heath & Co. Henry Holt Co. Mac Millan Co. Ginn & Co. Ginn & Co. Allyn & Bacon American Book Co. D. C. Heath & Co. Sanborn & Co. Ginn & Co. Ginn & Co. Ginn & Co. Cheath & Co. Cheath & Co. Cheath & Co. Cheath & Co.
History: Webster's Ancient History Modern Europe—Hazen Our Economic Organization—Marshall & Lyon Muzzey's American History—Revised Edition Community Life and Civic Problems, by Hill Community Civics, by Hughes Mathematics: Milne's Standard Algebra Wells' Algebra for Secondary Schools Stone-Millis Plane Geometry Wentworth-Smith Plane Wentworth Plane and Solid Geometry Granville's Trigonometry Wells' College Algebra Science: Hunter's Civic Biology	D. C. Heath & Co. Henry Holt Co. Mac Millan Co. Ginn & Co. Ginn & Co. Allyn & Bacon American Book Co. D. C. Heath & Co. Ginn & Co. American Book Co. American Book Co.
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Stewart-Taylor, Holden Co.			

INDEX

	24
Addresses	22
Athletics	
Book List—	
Elementary Grades	74
High School	76
Calendar for 1923-1924	58
Educational Films	25
Flementary Schools	9
Evening School	13
Financial Statement	53 23
Gifts and Prizes	7
High School	,
The state of the s	
Honor Pupils—	50 60
High School	65 67
Park School	57
Janitors	
List of Graduates—	
High School	59
Pauls School	64
Medical Inspection	44, 10
Park School	8
Report of	35
Director of Drawing	
Director of Manual Training	
Director of Science	. 40
Garden Supervisor	. 43
Medical Inspector	10.80
Nation Worker	
C. L. of Murans	7
4	*
C of Flementary (rades	
The state of the s	
D 1 D male tions	
a 1 1 C	
C. 1 1 Tooks	
Summer School	

Teachers-

High School	69
Berkeley School	69
Brookside School	70
Center School	71
Brookdale School	71
Carteret School	71
Fairview School	71
Watsessing School	72
Park School	72
Opportunity School	73
Departments	73